AUCTION SALES,

S. G. HENRY & CO.,

ly amount.

\*\*EFWe are et all times ready to attend to sales of
cal Estate, Marshal's or Constable's Sales, Honcehold
nutitels, &c., on terms salisfactory to sellers. 1990

MISCELLANEOUS.

304.

SILKS; POPLINS; MOZAMBIQUES; LAWNS:

OROANDIES; GRENADINES; TRAVELLING DRPSS GOODS; CHINTZES

BLACK WORSTEO GRENADINE;
BOMBAZINE \*;
CHALLIES
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TIBLE LINENS:
DOILIES AND WAPKINS:
TOWELLING:
WHITE GOODS:
BLEACHED AND BROWN COTIONS;
PILLOW COTTONS;
6-4, 8-4, 10-4 SHEETING;
HOOP SMIRTS;

MARTIN & CRUMBAUGE,

3 16 th 304 Fourth st., bet. Market and Jefferson.

O DOZ N LINEN HEMSTI CHED HAND KER CHIEFS at only 15 cents apiece, chospest and heat

PITTSBURG, PEACH ORDHARD, HARTFORD CITY

Of the best quality and at the lowest prices, for sala h;

Pargny's Restaurant.

BR-OPENING AND BEDUCTION IN PRICES

IIIAVI re-opened my RUSTAURANT at the corner of Third and J-fferson streets, and refitted it is all its departments with elegance and comfort. All the doll-cacies of the season will be served to order. There will

Farmers' Tools.

SOFT SHELL CRABS.

FIRST OF THE SEASON, ST. CHARLES RESTAURANT. FIFTH STREET, BETWEEN MAINAND MARKET

Fresh Soft Shell Crabs

Dayton Ale and Porter

SOFT SHELL CRABS

First of the Season,

Walker's Exchange.

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D. Harrie's Celebrated Stock Ale

TO PLASTERERS.

W. E. PRICE, E. R. COOK. S. M. BERNARD, JAMES S. PHELPS Mane Hopkinsville, Kr., June 2, 1882.—j8 d'july17

CO.A.L.

ever sold;
Petent Fluting-Irons;
Surp ice Ruffle;
Vel-uc, Lace Cuitars;
lust received at CHARLES F. RAU/HFUSS'S
137 jab Cheep Lace Sture, Sur Fourth of

COALL

COAL!

## LOUISVILLEJOURNAL

GEN. CUNTIS IN ARKANSAS.-Tha St. Louis Republican seys the attempt to communicate with and provision the army of General Curtis at Batesville and Jacktonport, Arkansas, hy way of White river, hes proved a failure, not by raason of any obstructions that the enemy has made on the banks or in the channel, but solely on account of the low etege of water in that streem. The gunboate, after the reduction of the rebel works nuder Colonel Fry, at St. Charles, succeeded lu getting up as far as a point bnlow Duvall'e Bluff, nlnety miles beyond St. Charlas, but the river was then falling repidly, and a further ad vance would have been perilons, eince they were almost enre to get aground. Thus the crews would have been at the mercy of the bushwhack. ers along the sho.e, not to speek of the danger of the capture and destruction of the fiset by the euemy. Davall's Binff is one hundred and seveuty-saven miles from the mouth of White river, and for that oistance the stream may be eaid to have been opened, but the gnuboats have returned to the month, and could not now go higher up than St. Charles.

This feature will undoubtedly be a great disappointment to Gen. Curtis, who, with his troops, seems to have been surrounded by unf.rtuuate circumstances ever since his entrance luto the Stata of Arkaneas in pursuit of Price & Co. He has beau waiting a long time for the fall of Mainphis and the support and assistance ha expected from the gunboats, but the hopes of the latter will now heve to he shaudoned, and Geu. Curtis Is laft, If possible, in a worse condition than before the capture of Fort Pillow. As soon as the latter avent transpired tha ehipment of supplies was ordered to be discontinued overland, and a large quentity of stores was concentrated oppoalte Victoria, at the mouth of the White rivar, for his army, in auticipation of epeedy water com-

We fear much privation will ansue, and one consequence of the disappointment will probably be a serious darangement of military plans. To be sure, there is little or uo dauger iu communicating with Memphia across the country, so far, we meau, as any luterruption by the rebels is concerned; hut the dietauce ie not less thau ona hnudred miles, the conutry is exceedingly barren, there are several considerable streams to cross, and the roads at any season are about as bad as Curtia'e army from Memphis overlaud, and lot Washington. that General await the result of a recouncisaance up the Arkansas, or remove the army to Memphis direct, to co-operate lu the capture of Little Rock by an expedition up that river.

Thus far, there seems to have been no attempt hy the gnuboats to run up tha Arkausas river. The rebel armed vessel Van Dorn, which ascaped our fleet in the engagement opposits Memphis, is supposed to he somewhara in that stream, and wa have seen conjectures that the Pouchartraio and the Arkaneae have teken refuge in the same waters. It is probable, moreover, that heavy batteries have been erected at cligible points on the shore to recist au advance upon tha State cepital. A large laud force would perhaps be required to he pacification of the tarritory already gained.

New Books.—Messrs. Appleton & Co. of N-York, have forward or us the following books through the agency of Messrs. Mortou & Co., of

Replies to "Esseys and Reviews" by Reverenda E. M. Goulburn, D. D.; H. J. Rose, B. D.; C. A. Heartley, D. D.; W. J. Irons, D. D.; G. Revison, M. A.; A. W. Haddan, B. D.; and Chr. Wordsword, D. D.; with a preface by the Lord Bishop of Oxford and letters from the Ratch (fee Observer and the Reader in Coolean by the University of Conference of the Reader in Coolean by the University of the Coolean by t

received volumes 4, 5, and 6 of the Works of Thomas Hood, edited by Epes Sargeut. They contain Whime and Odditins, National Talas, IIumorous Tales, Lamis, the Epping Huut, Odes and Addresses to Great People, Miscellaneous Poams, Our Family, Comic Miscellany, &c. These volumes complete the beautiful Aluine edition of the umes 4, 5, and 6 of the Prose works of Bayard Taylor, the Caxton edition. They comprise his Eldorado; the Journey to Central Africa, or Life and Landscape from Egypt to the Negro Kingdoms of the Whits Nile; and his Indis, China, and Japau. These are for sale in this city by F. A. Crump, and it is unnecessary to "peek their

wherever Euglish literature has made its way. volume of the Life and Letters of Washington Irving, hy his uepbew, Perre M. Irving. We have heretofore made copious extracts from this work, which leta us into the inner lifa of one of the most kindly and amiable of men. It has made a decided impression in the reading world, and a second volume is esgetly awaited.

THE STEVENS BATTERY .- The Philadolphia Press states that Mr. Edwin A. Stevens, the naval warfare, is now in the city of Washington. It will be remembered that early in the present session of Congress, a bill was passed making au appropriation of \$783,000 for the completion of this battery, subject to the discretion of the Sacretary of the Nevy. The Federal Government had expended nearly half a million upon the battery, and Mr. Stavena some three hundred thousand dollars. The commission to which the Sec retary referred the measure reported that the hattery could not be completed unless certain improvements were made, and here the matter restade but Mr. Stavens is now in Washington.

HAVE a couple of Ferryboats for sele at Pittsharg They are 100 nest long, carrying 16 two-horse wagon each three years of the ye rested; but Mr. Stevens is now in Washington, auû last week made a proposition to Congress and the Admiulstration to complete the battery out of his own funds. He asks that the Governmeut should convey to him all his right and title to the Stevens battery, and ceucel the mortgage given by his brother Robart for the faithful performance of his contract, and he then hinds himaelf, under a penalty of \$100,000, to finish it out of his own funds as a war steamer, in one year, to throw a heavier broadside than any war steamer in the world now throws, and after its completion the Government shall have the option of buying it at \$783,000, the amount of its approprietion, and its estimated cost by the late Board. Should the Government refuse to accept it, it will words, this public spirited citizen effers to rnn the the late appropriation, cut of his private fortnoe, thus showing hie own confidence lu this great hattery, and his patriotic devotion to his country.

agree with the Frankfort Common wealth that our friends could not have selected a better or more Dector's valuable services in support of the Union and the Constitution in the extra acssions of the Legislature of 1861 caunot ba forgottau by those who wituessed his earnest efforts during that time which tried meu's souls, and proved the metal of which they were made; and his courteous and gentlemanly deportment towards all endeared hlm, personelly, evan to those who differed with hlm lu opinion. His cervices as chairman of the Committee on Fluance in the House of Representatives proved him to he a thorough

Representatives proved him to be a thorougo husiness man, and gave promise of his qualifications for the office of Clerk. We congratulate the Doctor and the county of Mercer upon his nomination.

EtCHNORN & KOLLROS WILL furnish Music for Paradies, Funerales, Bule, Parties, Pic-Nics, Screenades, &c., the apolio Hatt, corner of First and Jefferson etreots, will be promptly at tended to.

ETCHNORN & KOLLROS WILL furnish Music for Paradies, Funerale, Bule, Parties, Pic-Nics, Screenades, &c., the apolio Hatt, corner of First and Jefferson etreots, will be promptly at tended to.

ETCHNORN & KOLLROS WILL furnish Music for Paradies, Funerale, Bule, Parties, Pic-Nics, Screenades, &c., the apolio Hatt, corner of First and Jefferson etreots, will be promptly at tended to.

ETCHNORN & KOLLROS WILL furnish Music for Paradies, Funerale, Bule, Parties, Pic-Nics, Screenades, &c., the working of this complex machinery, it was no more designed that the Federal Government should abolish a State Government thould abolish a State Government than that a State Government than that a State Government, or interfere with FEDERAL institutions.

It was unaturally expected, howaver, that in practical governmental government and parties, Funerale, Funerale

POLICE PROCEEDINGS-Monday, June 30 .ndarson Clements, attempting to run off slaves, he property of Peter Garnett. Bail in \$1,000 for twelve mouths.

John McCue, disorderly conduct and assault or his wife. Bail in \$300 for six months. Work-James McGehea, drnnkeuuess, Bail lu \$100

or two mouths. Workhouse. Mary Morrissy, stealing eilk dross. Bail it Com'th by Joseph Fitzpatrick vs. Mary Nolar end Mary Carroll, peace warraut. Dismissed at

defendants' cost. R. Hartman, etaaling a shawl from John W. Harrow. Contloued till Saturday, July 5th.

The Liverpool Mercury warns the Britis Soverument that the slave-traders who have been expelled from New York city find refuge in Livrpool, and boldly prosecute thair atrocious trafc under the shadow of the British flag. The business is shrewdly dous. Secret ageuts in New York fit out a vessel thera with a legitimete cargo for Liverpool, the cargo is discharged at that port, and the vessel is theu laid up for a few weeks, whila preparatious ara mada for tha voyage to Africa. Ostansibly the ship is laid up for the East Indies, but it is known that her real destination is the slave-market. The old crew is got rid of by harsh treatment on the ontword voyage, and a motley collection of foreigners is ehipped to taka its placa.

In the war of 1812-15 there were, according to the Philadelphia Press, forty-four hattlefought on laud and twenty-two at sea. The loss on each sida was as follows:

3 t,096 11,978

The loss on both eides includes prisoners. O these Hull surrendered at Detroit 2,340. On tha British sida Sir George Prevost surrendered 2,500 at Plattshurg, and Gen. Packanham aurrendered 2.600 at Nsw Orleans.

Two sutlers of the Garibaldi Guards named John Voulk and Louis Rodemsr, or Ridenour, wera arrestad in Washington on Thursday, charged with horse stealing. They were engaged lu furuishing Government eteck, and have they could well be. Nor is it quita apparent heen stealing the animals, it appears, of which which would be best to do: to provision General a large number were found in their stables at

> Martin Van Buren is Ill, and so Is the venerable General Cass. The first ramed will be 80 years old on the 5th of next December, and tha second will be of the same agaon the 9th of next

TRAITONS GETTING CONTRACTS.-Tha Washngton correspondent of the New York Times

I am informed by parties of the highest raspectability that there are practices both disloyal and corrupt in the Quartermaster's Dopartment here, which need exposure. According to my information, one of Gen. Meigs's assistants, named Ruckner, administers affairs upon principles widely inconsistent with each other. While, in the purchase of his mules, be will exclude all bids

> THE 22D BRIGADE IN MISSISSIPPI. CAMP NEAR IOKA, MISS., ?

At last wa are having a little rast, and I avail nyealf of a friend's kindness to pay my respects and the Readar In Gaology in the University of as the resort of the fashionable douizons of Missis-Jacob Lessons of the isolated and the interpretable of Alfred Ely, a prisonar of war in Richmond, edited by Charles Lanman; First Lessons in Mechanics, with practical applications, designed for the use of schools, by W. Lessons to Sall to Elyson and tanget as much as I Lessons in Mechanics, with practical applications, designed for the use of schools, by W. Lessons to Sall to But a March as I Lessons to Electronic True is enough and only in the interpretable doning mouths of July and August. One year ego our present camping ground had other occupants. The hordes of rebaldom were marshaled hore, and tanget as much as E. Worthau;

Learning to Spell, to Read, to Writa, and to Compose. ell at the same time, by J. A. Jacobs, A. M., Principal of the Kentucky Institution for the Education of Deef Mntes.

Frum Mr. George P. Puluam, of New York, we received a color of the second of the se works of the wit, poet, and moralist. Also, vol-

member distinctly the day that unfortunate tribe small a length of time. And yet this country rescued from the hand of the savage, defeuded and protected in its early lnfaucy, grows up to mauhood and turus, serpont like, upon its natural

protector. Such is Southern chivalry. Since I wrote to you last, our brigade has changed Its commander, Brigadier General Maueon having been assigned to this brigade. Col. Sedgewick was highly compllmented by General Nelson for the energetic and able manner in which prother of the invautor of this great engine of he dischaged the duties of hrigade commander. Geu. Mausou is a very cleyer geutleman, and has already achieved great popularity with the officers and men of bie command.

McCook, Wood, and Crittenden, are somewhere in the vicinity of Chattanooga, what point they are destined for deponent saith not, inasmuch as

Ferryboats for Sale.

L. Hyert, Louisville, or THOS JONES, Pittshurg, Pa.

GEO. W. SMALL MAIN STRKET, NEAR FOURTH, WIL necn this day, June 24, a new and splend

TAPESTRY. VELVET,
ENGLISH BRUSSELS,
BRUSSELS TAPESTRY,
BRUSSELS TAPESTRY,
2 AND 3 PLY CARPE'S:
RUGS, MATS, &c.;
BROCATELLE, SATIN DAMASK, LACE, and MUSLIN CURTAINS and 'URTAIN MATERIALS of every description; all of which will be rold at the very towest advance on Eastern coat for east on the coat of the coat the c

JOHN M. MADDOX deserted company F Prc. Guard May 2, 1832. Its 18 23 yeers of ego, 5 feet 7 inche high; has light complexion, hrown eyes, end light har storn in Shehlv county, Ky. Enlisted at Ludwille Ky., March 5, 1861. The usual reward will be paid for blind if caught and secured. SELBY HARNEY, ill diff. Mal. Pro. Guerd.

TO "MANY LOYAL VOTERS." Loorsville, June 27, 1862.

GENTLEMEN: I will endeavor to give an "ex-licit, ingenuous responsa" to your card addressed ome, and published in the Lonisville Journal of this morning.

On the 18th of May, 1861, I publish d in that

Journal an erticle against tha heretical doctrine

that a State has a constitutional right to escade

that a State has a constitutional right to eccede from the Union.

On the 26th of June, 1861, I published in the Journal an article to show that forts, arsenals, nints, revanue vessels, arms, and other public preperty had been viciently esized by Southern accessionists prior to the inauguration of President Lincoln—and that ha act of eccession on the part of South Carolina was tha first grant, wert, and efficient cause of the war.

On the 27th June, 1861, I published in the same paper as priciel to show that there can be no such hing as the right of revolution unless revolution.

hing as the right of revolution unless revolution in itself right; that secession was unither right apout the principles of the Constitution, nor upon any sound principles of revolution, and that the constitution of cfeen assumed that when any given unbar of States resolve upour revolution they are clearly have that right to revolutionize by son of an assumed exclusive right to datarmine thems lives the grounds of revolution, is wholly enable. For the right of revolution is a moral nestion, and whother revolution, in any given a a, te right or ust, is not to be determined by a single party to the case, but, like other moral ques-ions, most bade ermined by the common sense of mankied in view of the good or evil resulting from, or involved in, the revolution.

I have published various other articlas in opposition to the whole Southern scheme of disuning.

The sentiments contained in these articlas I have not enanged. I still adhere to, enderse, and approve them.

ipprova them
Since the publication of those articles, certain dectrines have been avowed by the present Administration, and its especial adherents, and certain acts have been done, and certain cminous tendencies have here maifested, which, candor compuls mato admit, I have not been abla to approve. In the spirit of constitutional freedom (without which our institutions would be of no value), I have expressed, in vary emphatic terms, my dissent from some of this opinions, acts, and value), I have expressed, the vary emphatic terms, my dissent from some of the opinious, acts, and tendencies of the present Administration. This was not because I do not love my country, and its not wish, as the paramount object of political desire, to preserve the Union; but it is just because I do love my country, and do earnestly wish that the Constitution may be preserved as at is, and the Union melliained as it was

and the Union meintained as it was

In the language of the creed of the Union party, I am for the "Union, the Constitution, and the enforcement of the laws." I believe that the Union is essential to the Constitution, and that

As a bond of Union I prefer the Corsitution of the United States to a pirty platform, and, for an exposition of its meaning, I prefer the decisions of the Supreme Court to the opinions and acts of any sectional political party whatever, whether Northern or Southern.

It has occurred to me, however, that the hest way to preserve the Union is for the Government to execute the powers dolegated to it, and not to infringe upon the powers reserved by the Constitution to the States respectively or to the people, and for each State to attend to its own business and to let its neighbors alone.

Holding the Constitution as the sole rula of faith, I am equally opposed to escessionism and to av-ry aspect and phase of abolitionism.

Knowing the Constitution to be the "supreme law" and the "public safety"—'he "supreme lew" at the "salus populi," the latter because the former, I do not believe that the President of tha United States has power to suspend the privilege of the writ of habeas corpus, or to imprison a citty and the writ of habeas corpus, or to imprison a citty has hare suspiciou, and without warrant based upon probable cause, and sopported by oath or effirmation, or that ha or his Gounrals can lawfully preclaim martial law upon their mere arbitrary judgment of what they may choose to call State necessity.

denominated masters law, but what in resulty is no law at all. If the doing of these things be indispensable to the life of the Government let them he excused as a necessity, but never justified as American constitutional law.

I believe that, although Congress may suspend

Lind cannot lawfully dispense with an original indicial constitutional warrant of arrest.

I believe that the Constitution guarantees (corpreliminary to deprivation of "life, liberty And I helieva that the presant Executive of the United States, and his subordinate officers, hava, in numerous instacces, without any paramount law of national necessity, violated the personal and ludividual rights of the private citizen. Nor could I aver see upon what principle that grand and glorione corporation—the "United States of America"—could plead the treasonable conduct of Southern secessioniste—!hat is the very offeoces
of criminels on trial at the bur—the very crimes

Government or the Government of Kantucky has any power to pass a general legislative act of confiscation of the absolute property of rebels cluding real estate, slaves, and personalty-or Constitution an argument that is absolutely ir-refrageble and conclusive to the effect that a for-feiture of cs are cannot extend beyond the life

of the person attointed.
"Treason against the United States," says the Constitution, "shall consist only in levying war against them, or adhering to their enemies, glvog them aid and comfort.

"The Congress ebell have power to declare the unlahment of treason, but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blocd, or forfeiture EX 'No person shall be convicted of treason, unless

ou the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court." "No bill of attainder shall be passed." Now, a direct legislative act of confiscation is in the nature of a hill of attainder; and a bill of ettainder is expressly prohibited by the Consti-

f treasor, it is clearly provided in the Conetitu-ion that no attainder of treason shall work corand not even then, unless the transon has been proven by the testimony of two witnesses or confessed in open court,—and has been established upon indictment found by a grand jury—and tried by a petit jury,—and with all the other guards thrown around the accused by the laws, and privileges of a criminal trial, How then can it he possible that without any nevicted traiter may be forfeited not merely for

is life, but absolutely and forever.

Surely it was never the design of our ancestors I have not believed that Congress (even if it be granted that it had the constitutional power) could, in good faith, and es a matter of impartial justice and policy to all the States alike—hoth tree and slave—abolish slavery in the District of Columbia, or compensate the owners of slaves out of the joint and common treasury of the whole Union.

For in so, doing they estably exact from the hose States are vitally interested; and thus, hy

I have always thought that in attampting to And I have wondered that those States did not see that a bountary line of separation between evan if diannion were otherwise desirable,—and that it is not less difficult to run a satisfactory boundary-line of separation than to cherce the parts of our distracted country.

It is plain from examination, in one view, of

the State Constitutions and the Federal Constitu-tion, that they constitute a sort of dual system of government, the component parts of which are essential to each other, and yet, as far as possi-ble, were designed to be separate from and inde-pendent of each other. In a word, each Govern-ment, Stetn and Federal, is sovereign for certain ment, Statu and Federal, is sovereign for certain purposes—the Federal as to all powers delegated to it, and the State Governments as to all powers reserved to them respectively; but yet it tekes both Governmente to till completely the idea of a

ing overstepped three senior major generals at the age of forty years, was, for a long while a pupil of Gen. Shields, the latter them a achool-master at Kaskaskia.

TO BANKERS and MERCEANTS.

FOR SALE—A WROUGHT IRON SALAMANDER SAFE, with hurglar-proof locks (cost \$550 in New York), 4ft, 2-12 high, \$2-12 wide, and 14-12 feet deep, attiniside measurement.

CORNWALL & BROTHER.

TO BANKERS and MERCEANTS.

It was naturally expected, howaver, that in practice an occusional conflict of jurisdiction would occur, and accordingly provision has been made in the Federal Coostitution for just such an emergency. For it is therain provided that "the form the form of the same of the sa

judicial power shall extend to all cases in law and equity, arising under this Constitution, the laws of the United States, and treaties made, or which shall be made, under their authority." "The judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one Suprema Court, and in such inferior Courts as the Congress may, from tima tu time, establish." "This Constitution and the laws of the United States, which shall treaties made or which shall be made ander the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land, &2, &c." From these citations it is avident that, whilst etattes heen citations it is avident that, whilst etatate passed by Congress—not in pursuance of the Con-stitution—are not velid laws, yet, in the very nature of the case, there must need be some common arbitor to decide questions of conflict, and the decisions of the Federal Courts, when pro nounced in reference to the boundary lines of Federal and Stete authority should, in my opinion,

Federal and Stete anthority should, in my opinion, he respected and oboved.

I am, end heve always been, a cordial Union man, and I am especially opposed to the secession of Kentneky, are any attempt at eacession by Kentneky, from the Union. And I sincerely end earnestly desire that the rabellic may speedily cease of its own accord, or else be put down by the strong arm of lawful authority.

A vast mejority of the American people are resolved that, come what may, the "land," of which the Constitution declares itself to be the suprema law, shall not be divided—that not one acre of it shall be surrendered to another power—that one and all the people of the United States have an interest in the whole "I ind," in Louisiane, Texas, and Florids—in all the Southern States—in the great inland sea—the father of waters, and its

Tex is, and Florids—in all the Southern States—in the great inland sea—the father of waters, and its month—and in the Gulf of Mexico—and that two competing and indepandent Governments shall not be constructed or telerated upon the "land" of which the Constitution proclaims, upon its own face, that it is the enpreme law.

Now these are my sentiments, "ingenuously" and "explicitly" expressed; and I am not aware that they contain anything treasonable or disloyal. I know that no treason or disloyalty is intended, and I know that I am loyal in cooduct and beart. It is true that my centiments may be wrong, and It is very certain that they will out plause everybody. It is indued likely that they will offend both extremes of public opinion. But they are, nevertheless, my sentiments, and I shall be heply if they will suit the great conservative heart of the country. Whoever may differ from me in my views I will not quarrel with him. In the language of a tine writer of the last century, he who quarrels with his neighbor for differing from him in opinion is a slave to ell his present opinions, hecuse he thereby precludes himself the right of changing them. In conclusion may I not hope that my competitors may be induced to aver the sentiments "ingennous" and

I not hope that my competitors may be induce to express their sentiments 'ingennously' an 'explicitly' upon the topics herein discussed? CALEB W. LOGAN. ANKANSAS AND THE SOUTHWEST. - Wa copy the following frum tha St. Louis Republican of the 27th:

connected with the rebsl army, give us an inside vinw of the movements of portions of the rebsl army. It is very plain that they are in a sadiy dilapidated end hroken-down condition, and that very little danger is to be apprehended from them, either in this State or Arkansas

Gen. Roane, who, suce the abdication of Gov. Rector, has assumed military command of all the forces of the Confederete States in Arkansas, and all the ragamuffins drawn to its standard by the act of conscription, is et and about Little Rock, with from 4 000 to 5,000 men. We venture to say that he will not say that here long for as even

general breaking up of the Missonri and Arken-sas forces there contrived to get about fifeau hundred stand of arms and oue hattery, which he tock to Little Rock as a busis for raising men in the Southwest; but ou the approach of Gouerel Curtis, the rehel Genural Roma, of Arkansas, soized these arms, and when list heard from, Rains was attempting negotiations to recover his hattery end gune.

The Missuri State treeps were in McDonald county, with no enemy nearest then two regions.

county, with no enemy uearer then two regi-neuts of Cherokeee near Telequah, the capital of the Cherokea Nation, and Colonel Coffey, with some 800 men, who had been driven from Camp Walker by Colonel Doubleday, as heratofcre pub-

Alkausas, had both fled to Taxas—the former teking his family and chattels with him. But they will hardly remain there long, as, when the United States reoccupy Texas, and that State returne to her allegiance they will be compelled to run to Mexico as the only means of avoiding

LIEUT, COLONEL SPENCERS REPORT OF THE SECOND KENTUCKY INFANTRY BAFORE

May 29th, 1862. Col. T. D. Sedgewick, Commanding 22d Brigade Oa the morning of the 28th lnst., the 2d Ken ade under your command, was ordered out to attack the enamy's front at Coriuth. Two companies, A, Lient. Martin commanding, and comcany B, Capt Baldwin, were deployed forward as skirmishere, the remainder of the regiment being held in reserve. After edvancing a few hundred pard) our skirmishers met two companies of the en-emy's picket skirting the woods about a quarter of a mile in front of Bridgecreek. With lit le firing, our skirmishers cautiously drove them back into a dense thicket acress the creek to their reserve. Towards noon, the onemy having heen reinforced by three regiments (two Louisiana and one Alaams), the firing became general and of an alarm-ng and sarious nature, the enemy seeming to be etermined to gain their lost position and 10 hold he Bridge at all hazards. Previous to this Capt. the bridge at all navarus. Frevious to this capt. Baldwin made a hasty reconnoissance of the ground he was ordered to occupy, and finding that hie right and left was not supported, immediately despatched to me the fect. I sent to his usuletance three companies, E. G. and K.—E and K. being posted as a reserve, under cover of the wood, and G in position near the Bridge. These arrangements had hardly been made when the enemy commenced a spirited attick, enprorted by one piece of artillery, which undertook to shell our skirmishers from their position, but our mea poured in a brisk and galling fire, when the anemy gave way, leaving us in possession of the creek and hridge, which we held until relieved this morning. Our loss, though somewhat severe, was not equal to that of the enemy, as we learned from the prisoners taken in the engagement that their loss was from eaventy to eighty, and carried of the field as they field.

I most cheerfully recommend to eighty, and carried of the field as they field.

I most cheerfully recommend to your notice the gallaut and active part taken by Capt. Baldwin during the engagement, and for the coolness and courage he displayed on this cocasion, as to him is meinly due the manner of posting the skir-mishers. Much praise is also due to Capt. Cook uishers. Much praise is also due to Capt. Cook, Lieuts. Martio, Stubing, Bontecue, Bell, and Huber, for their gallant conduct; and to Dr. Cox, for his timely services in relieving the wounded officers and soldiers. All did well. Llent Wolcott, of the 20th Kentucky, deserves particular mention in this report as having been of efficient service, marching his company to our relief dur-ing the thickest of the engagement. Below you will find a list of the killed and wounded of this

WHISKY—
150 bhis Rectified Whisky:
4) bbis doubtn Rectified Whisky:
60 bhis copper disnified do;
45 bols very fine old Bourbon Whisky;
20 bbis do do do Rye
10 store and for sale by
130
MARSHALL HALBERT & CO.

GEN BUILER AND THE BRITISH CONSUL AT NEW ORLEANS -We copy the following corresondaoca from tha New Orleans True Dalta of tha NEW ORLEANS, June II, 1862,

NEW ORLEANS, June 11, 1892.

Sire: It has has represented to tha undareigned by Mr. Covas, of the commercial firm of Covas & Negroponte, carrying on business in this city, list certain sugars bought by that firm, conjunty with Messrs. Rulli, Benachi, & Co, also carrying on business here, are not ellowed to he sold or taken from the place in which eaid eugars are stored, without further orders from you.

We ber have to sale that Mr. Covas represents We beg have to stell that Mr. Covas represents to the undersigned that the sugars in question (3 205 hogshead) heve been bought for, and are the property of, British, French, and Greek enbjacts, and with which fact you are already econainted.

quainted.

The purchasas of these sugars were effected at various times, ranging from January to Merch last, paid for at the time of purchase, in the usual manner in which such husiness is carried on here by foreign commercial houses, when purchasing for account of distant parties, i. e., by the proceeds of bills of exchange, drawn by the purchaser hara upon the bona file owner of the produce.

These transactions were enticity mercantila. upon the bona file owner of the producs.

These transactions were etricily mercautila, and feeling assured by the proclamation issued by you under dete of May 1st—hed they had any fears before—that this, the property of foreigners, was safe and would be accorded that protection, so etated in the preclamation, had been granted heretofore to such property, under the United States laws, the purchasers of these sugars wern anxious to elip them at a time when other such shipments were being made; but, by your order es stated abova, were prevented, thereby cutailing upon the foreign owners great loss. But as the undersigned are disposed to waive all past proceedings, they beg that the order not permiting the removal of the produce lu question be rescinded, and that the sugars he at the disposal of the purchasers, to do with them as they may seam fit, or that the undersigned, if compatible, in consideration of the interests cencerned, be

French Consul.

M. W. BENACHI,

Grask Consul.

Fo Major General Benj F. Butler, Commending

Gentlemen: In the matter of the sngars in pes-ession of Mr. Covas, who is the only party known of the United States authorities, I have examined with care the statements you have sent ma. I had information, tha sources of which you will not expect me to disclose, that Mr. Covas had been engaged in bnying Confederate notas, giving for them sterling exchange, thus transferring shood the credit of the States in the rehellion and enabling these bills of credit to he converted into ullion to be used thera, as it has been, for the urpose of purchasing erms and munitions of ar. That Mr. Coves was one of and the agent of an association or company of Greek merchants residing hera, in Loudon, and in Havana, who had sat apart a large fund for this anterprise. Thet these Confederate notes so purchased by Mr. Covas had been used in the purchase of eugars and cotton, of which the eugars in question, in value almost \$200,000, are a part. I directed Mr. Covas to hold these sugars until this matter could be lovestigated.

I am setisfied of the substantial truth of this information. Mr. Covas'e own books will show

the important facts that he sold sterling exchange for Confederate treasury notes, and then bought these sugars with the notes.

Now this is claimed to be "strictly mercantila."

It will not be denied that the engars were inlud for a foreign market. tended for a foreign market.

But the Government of the United States had said that with the port of New Orleans there should be no "strictly mercantile" transactions.

It would not be contanded for a moment that the should be no "strictly insteaded for a moment that the common paoring one of the special for Confederata treasury and that he does ay, if he can avoid ricter. There are insas and the other below Batesyillas is maving would be as a violation of the ineutrality laws and the pelow Batesyillas is maving would be as a violation of the majesties, the Queen of Graef Britain and the Emperor of France. What is moving would be special for the process of confederata treasury notes; and the steeling bills is a more safe and convenient memphis, and luther the steeling bills is a more safe and convenient memphis, and luther the steeling bills is a more safe and convenient memphis, and luther the steeling bills is a more safe and convenient memphis, and luther the steeling bills is a more safe and convenient memphis, and luther the steeling bills is a more safe and convenient memphis, and luther the steeling bills is a more safe and convenient memphis, and the Emperor of France. What distinguishes the two control to get about fifeen to get about

It will be claimed that to assist the rebellion was not the mictive. It was done from the dasire to gain, as doubt-ess all the violations of neutrality have heen lone by aliene during this war—a motive which

My proclamation of May 1st assures respect to donts here have been engaged in aiding the reball-ion, either directly or indirectly from a spirit of gain, and they now find themselves objects of gain, and they now and themselves objects of watchful supervision by the authorities of the United States, they will console themselves with the reflection that they are only getting the "bitter with the eweat." Ney, more, if houset and quiet foreign citizens find themselves the objects of suspicion to, and even their houset acts subjects of investigation by the authorities of the United States to their inconverience, they will, upon reflection, have only the over respective.

and greedy of their own fellow-citizens, who have, by their aid to rebelliou, hrought distrust and suspicion over all. Wishing to trea you, gentlemen, with every respect, I have set forth at longth some of the reasons which have prompted my ection. There is one phrase in your letter which I do not understand, and cannot permit to pass without calling attention to it. You eay, "the undersigned are desposed to waive all past proceedings." &c.

What "proceedings" have you, or either of you, to "waive" If you do feel disposed so to do? Whet right have you in the matter? What authority is vested in you by the laws of nations or of this country, which gives you the power to use such language to the representative of the United States, in a quasi official communication?

Commercial agents, merely of a subordinate Commercial agents, merely of a subordinate class, cousn's have no power to waive or condone any proceedings past or present of the Govern-ment under whose protection they are permitted ment under whose protection they are permitted to reside eo long es they behave well. If I have committed any wrong to Mr. Covas, you have no power to "weive" or pardon the penalty or prevent his having redress. If he has committed any wrong to the United States, you have etll less power to shield h m from punishment.

I take leave to suggest, as a possible explanation of this centence, that you have been so long dealing with a rebel Confederation, which has been supplicating you to make such representaright more than an American citizen, but at leas one right less, i. e., that of meddling or interfer-ing, by discussion, vote, or otherwrise, with the affairs of the Government.

Mesers. George Coppell, claiming to be H. B. M. Acting Consul; A. Mejan, French Consul; M. W. Benachl, Greek Consul,

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of the purchasers, to do with them as they may seam fit, or that the undersigned, if compatible, in consideration of the interests cancerned, be placed in possession of the facts which ceused such order to be alsued; the enforcing end existence of which materially retards and stops the legitimate business of our countryman.

We heg to remain, sir, your obedient eervants, GEORGE COPPELL, II. B M. Acting Consul, CH. MEJAN,

French Consul.

French Consul.

of the many NMV AND EFFICIENT REMEDIE which we are coulded to introduce into our practice, and the public may rost assured of the semm zeal, as dolly SECRECY, and attention being paid to their case which has so successfully distinguished as heretofore a Physic ou in our PEUULIAR department of professional patics. a ruysic of in our PROUDIALS department of professional potics.

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t, for summer wear, only to he found at LADD'S, 33t May

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Lonisville, Ky., June 18, 1802. Look Out! Good News for All! THE NEVER-FAILING MADAME ISABEL SNELL. Is the best. She succeeds when all others have lied. All who are in trouble; all who here been untranster; all whose fond hopes have been disappointed, unded, and blasted by faire promites and decelt—all to her for advice and satisfaction. It is to we offsire she never fells. She shows you the seness of your fature husband or wife. She guides a single to a tray marriage. Her aid and advice we hecusolicite. Immumerable instances, and the and happy marriage—she is therefore a sure separatione.

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it is a man and will also cast their Horoscope and give hem their nativity, also toll the place where they will be most fortunate. Every person who cannot get along at this world end has had inck should be in possession of her Horoscope and get her written opiulon of his fure prospect in tife.

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OF BRAVES COUNTY. District composed of Allen, Butler, Breckinridge, Bal ard, Calloway, Caldwell, Crittenden, Christian, Daviese, Edmondson, Fulton Graves, Grayson, Hancock, Hickman, Henderson Hopkins, Livingston, Lyou, Losan, Marchall, McCrscken, Muhlenberg, McLean, Ohio, Simpson, Todd, Trigg, Union, Warren, Adair, Casey, and Webster.

TUESDAY, JULY 1, 1862.

BEFORE RICHMOND. - We have very meagre details of the recent important battle in the front of Richmond, and even these are more extended than we expected to receive, for the Secretary of War has requested-we may say enjoined-that nothing should be telegraphod and restore the sundered sections of our counrelative to affairs in the peninsuln or McClellan's army. The fighting has been terrific and the losses terrible, but Mr. Fulton, tho agent of the Associated Press at Baltimore, writes that he has a detailed account of the week, that "we have achieved the grandest military triumph over the enemy, and Richmond must fall," and that he has been why these inflated prices should not come ordered to Washington to communicate with the President. We may bear more from him before we go to press; and, until we are more the result.'

The first attack of the rebels upon General Stoneman's forces near Hanover Court House | 75 per cent, when the extra iax is but three was evidently a diversion to draw attention from the more vigerous advance in the direction o Mechanicsville and McCall's division, but it was | these panie prices, when there is no justice in foiled, and the enemy withdrew. The next their retention. The people submitted entire lines, but were met with murderous disrible earnsge, piling the rebel slain in heaps. This ineffectual sertio frem their heleaguered city is equivalant to a defeat of the insurgents, and although, frem our limited information we cannot see what strategie advantages we have gained, wo repose all confidence in the assurances that McClellan is satisfied, and that the result is a great trinmph for the Federal

It seems evident that Stonewall Jackson had sneeeeded in forming a junction with Lec at Richmond on the previous day, and was actively engaged in this at:ack. The unyielding bravery and patriotic alaerity of the Union troops have been again nobly displayed against the vastly superior numbers which the rebels, from their central posi. keeper. tion, are at all times able to hurl npon any single point of our extended lines of countervaliation, and are the "glorious harbingers" of an utter rout of the rebels whenever it shall be deemed expedient to advance upon them.

BSURD LYING .- The Richmond Dispatch, saying of the battle of Fair Oaks that the rehel and says: croops drove McClellan all day Saturday and all day Sunday, adds:

all day Sunday, adds:

On Monday, there being no sign of fight, we withdraw bacanse the ground had become offentive from the smell of dead hodies. They stole back and occupied the ground, and then McClellan issued his hulletin. Was there aver uny thing more ungenerous, more disinganuous? To um np all in a worl, was there ever any thing

It is well known that the rebels came out and attacked our forces npon the ground occupied by the latter. The Dispatch says that smell of the dead bodies was offensive, and that then McClellan stole back and occupied Wonlda't the rebels he likely to stand a pretty strong smell for the sake of establishing a permanent advantage over their invaders and The present Legislature met, by the terms of keeping or driving them aloof from the threatened rebel capital? And, if the rebels were forward, driving the invaders before them till they could reach a purer atmosphero or clse perform the work of annihilation of the in-

campaigns, but we don't think we ever before 32, article 6, section 3, of the Revised aw it stated in behalf of a retreating army ereafter to prescribe smelling bottles as a part of the equipment of their troops. We guess that the rebels before Richmond fled from the smell of gunpowder rather than of dead

Of course the Administration, we suppose, contemplated, in appointing Gen. Pope command the combined forces of the She-Fremont, Shields, and Banks. Possibly the to them to resign. Fremont has certainly resigned, and Shields is reported to have done so, bat we have heard nothing from Banks retension to being a military man, though he has done his dnty well as an officer in two or three exigencies, and, if he has any private ssurance from the Government that it would his division, he may perhaps remain.

The whole history of the case of Fremont is, ernment. Only a short time ago, without ever of commission and omission were such, that, notwithstanding the strength of the political ntely necessary to relieve him. A short time afterwards, in ohedience to the clamors of that after a second and brief trial of him, the Gove trained to make such an appointment over They will find it quite airy—so well supplied him as to virtually force his retirement alto- with air that they will have no need to sing gether from the service. We presume this is any rebel air or put on any rebel airs. the last of Fremont as a military man. He has not the people's confidence, and he onght not to have it.

Let the impending battle decide on fate, and add a more illustrious page to the history of our revolution—one to which our children will point with noble pride, asying "our fathers were in the battle of Corinth."—Beauregard at Corinth. Instead of that, their children will have to turn from a page of history with the reflection.

or fathers were in the retreat from Corinth. The Richmond Examiner says, "bayo net-wounds in this war, on the Confederate side, are very rare." No doubt they are, but how would it be if it were not for that interesting rebel institution known as the "Ske-

daddle." It is said that fear has been known to turn a man's hair from black to white in a Oh we gness not. single night. Buckner's flag at Fort Donel- Gen. McClellan wins military success as son underwent that change within a similar a farmer does a crop of corn er potatoes—he

Tho Tax Bill which has been adopted y Congress will go into operation on the first of August and continue in force only till 1866. unless it is extended by future legislation. We the papers, but we shall await the receipt of an official copy from Washington before we publish the very long hill. The people of the United States have nobly come forward to the support of their government and imposed taxes endered indispensable for the prosecution of the war against insurrection. Those, who are hunting for pretexts to find fault with the ex ocutive and legislative branches of the governnent, will charge this heavy taxation upon President Lineeln and Congress; but it should never be forgetten that the traitors, who commenced this war and rendered it necssary for the country to put forth its gi ant energies to maintain its own gov ernmental existence, are alone responsible for the heavy burdens which the people will have to bear for years to come. To evade the payment of taxes under this bill will be a high nisdemeanor, and to resist it will be revolt there will be either evasion or resistance. Congress passed the direct tax by act of Ausion of her Legislature, assumed the payment of her proportion. The people of our State preceeds are necessary to preserve the country try to their old nnity of interests. But there are some considerations, suggest-

ed by an article in the Philsdelphia Press, to which we would eall attention. Months ago, gun of large ealibre, which would make when it first became apparent that a national hole in a ship's hall large enough to admit a events of the last four days of last tax was inevitable, the retail prices of a great number of articles rsn up from a feeling of apprehension, and there is no goed reason down. Sugprs advanced two to four cents a pound while the tax now assessed on granulated, leaf, lump, pulverized or refined is only particularly informed, we have the gratifying | two mills n pound, and the highest tax on any intelligence, that, up to Fridsy night, General | quality is one and a half cents a pound. Then McClellan "expressed himself satisfied with again teas advanced from 25 to 75 cents a ound and the new hill does not contemplato their taxation. So also eeffee advanced abou mills a pound, and that only when it is ground. The grecers have pretty generally kept up day they made two desperate assaults on our to them when there was great necertainty ss to the ultimate action of Concharges frem our batteries, which created ter- gress, but now the dealers know exactly what they have to pay to the Gevernment in the shape of taxes and tho consumers ought not to be charged more than the added rate ef those taxes. The articles which we have enumerated are not dependant for their supply ipon the rebel States, except sngar, and for only a fraction of that, therefore the insurrection dees not create a necessity for any such disproportionate advance in prices. We do not yet understand the effect which the newly preposed tariff will have upon these articles, but it is clear that prices must come down from their present rates because they are the end of the war and then be all set to ringkept up for speculative purposes and not from the operation of any valid commercial law. This is a subject which interests every house-

> The Meysville Eagle copies a paragraph announcing that the Hon. R. A. Buckner, Speaker of the House of Representatives of the Legislaturo of Kentucky, has issued writs of as well as pens them up. election for members of the Legislature in Trigg, Logan, Fleming, and Ballard counties.

Thara is a mistake about this which had betien os corrected at orce. Whan the Legislature is tot in session resignations of membership must be made in writing to the Governor, who alone can issue writs of election under such circumstences. The write of Speaker Buckner in these cases is of no value, and the elections held in pursuance of it will be invalid. The peries concerned will do well to attend to this matter without delay, as the election is close at hand.

The Eagle has been hasty, and should repair its error as speedily as possible. The Legisla. ture is in recess and has not adjourned, there days, except by a two-third vote of each House. a special law, on Soptember 2d, 1861, and on tho 4th of October took a recess till early in cess until Februsry, and on the 17th of March next. The Legislature is, therefore, as much "in session" as it is during the interval between its daily meetings, and Speaker Buckner's writ of election is valid under chapter

CAPT. JENKINS, ASSISTANT QURTERMASTER AT LOUISVILLE.-This admirable officer, we tion are going up by the seore to the President from the loyal men of this city. We granted. Capt. Jenkins is one of the most capa. ble and faithful officers in the service and as pure and loyal a man as the nation contains of War for wineing as if the withers of the

gh importance and responsibility. And now, modation of rebel females. It is really nice.

Administration were wrung. The order is

clearly as silly as it is unjust. Wo trust it

will prove to have been given under a misap-

The rebels in Riehmond complain of a great want of comfort. They will probably have to suhmit to something more than mere discomfort-they are likely to have to stand a

The rebels, it is said, are trying to kill Gen. Batler at New Orleans. Well, never mind that, General, it is said they were lately plotting to kill Jeff Davis at Richmond.

General Fremont is out of service. He has no longer any columns in the field. But he will no donbt continue to have celumns enough in the abolition newspapers.

Oar neighbor of the Express says that Gen. Halleek "saw in the evacuation of Corinth

The science of maritime warfare must STATEMENT hereafter be transferred from the Navy De. partment to the Patent Office. Onr iron-plated ressels appeared to be reaching the extrem find a synopsis of its provisions in several of perfection of impenetrable armor, and the Monitor had taught its lesson to the world, when a Mr. Duffy, at New York, claims to have perfected an invention which will immediately sink any iron-sheathed vessel. Experiments were made at Jersey City last week upon themselves which, though ouerons, are with his newly projected gun, which is intended to be placed in the prow of a ram, at any depth, from one to twenty feet, under water. On this occasion a small boat ten feet in length, of capacity to carry two or three men, was provided with a gun that projected from the bow about two feet below the surface. By means of a spring it was discharged hy conenssion with a target, the boat rowing at a very moderate speed. This target was composed of two three-ineh planks with a space between them representing the ordinary thickness of a vessel's sides. The ball perforated both and went through the side of an old barge against which the target was snspended. Mr. Duffy claims that against the laws. We cannot believe that the Parrott or any other large here gun can he discharged in the same manner. The muzzle projects through packing, and when it is gust 6, 1861, and Kentneky, at the next ses- drawn in to be releaded a valve falls to prevent the admission of water. From these experiments, which were a decided success, it is eviwill we trust with equal alserity respond to the dent that we have the germ of a process by national tax imposed by the new law, as the which vessels can be attacked below the waterline, and beneath their iron plating. This must lead to a new stylo of snbmarino warfare, and, should the theory of Mr. Duffy prove correct, no vessel that floais can stand the attack of a small submerged ram, carrying a single man's body, and would send her to the bottom

in ten minutes. The incensistency, insincerity, and nnfriendliness of the conduct of Great Britain toward the Government of the United States are frequently developed. President Lincoln has been deneunced, both in Parliament and y the English press, for refusing the use of the mails to journals which were seeking the overthrow of the Government, and the insurcenis against our Government have received all the rights and immunities of belligerents rom the British Cabinet. It appears, howver, that Earl Russell, nt the request of the Ottoman Government, has prohibited the distribution of the British Star-a Greek paper published in London-by the British post office in Constantinople, and the reason assigned was that articles have appeared in tho Star ineiting the people of Turkey to revolu against the laws and government of that country. If the United States should address t Earl Russell a request that the British consuln New Orleans, Charleston, and other insnrgent eitles, might not be permitted to aid and

A whole eargo of bells intended to be sent to Beauregard to make cannon was captured at New Orleans. Let them be kept till ing together in honor of the triumph of the Union.

comfort the rebellieu, it is not difficult to

prophecy what answer would come from his

We must not despair of New Orleans Though far down on the Mississippi, she isn't quite down in the mouth.

Gen. Butler gets the hetter of the rebels in all his publications. He pens them down

tiful woman may be a cage of unclean devils. The rebels drew Porter on to New Orleans, but they didn't draw him mild.

FOR SALE, BEST QUALITY OF PITTSBURG COAL AT THE lowest market price. Also BEECH BOTTOM COAL at much lower rates by J. N. KELLOGO, Agent, sept31 distf Near the corner of Third and Main.

ORNAMENTAL IRON WORK Agents for "New York Wire-Railing Co

NOTICE

A. BLAND, Banker,

No. 403 Main street.

Wanted for State Service, FIFTY ABLE-BODIED YOUNG MEN to

head authorized by Gen. Boyle to raise th I can be found daily at Batmau's stable, Sec (fit reon streets. A. II. JOHNSTON, Capt. Salesman Wanted,

N a Wholesale Dry Goods House in Cincinnati, thoroushly experienced ratesuan able to contributed from Kentucky and Tenness e. Address, with reterences, Box 721, the matt. 19th. jyl da" For Sale, 54 HIIDS N. O. 8ngar, BILLINO & DREISBACH, No. 210 Main at

Situation Wantod.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the number derigns d, under the styte of H. S. BUCKNER RO., was this day discoved by unitual consent. J. F.

Wanted,

OR the halance of the year, a COLORED BOY or
MAN who understands taking care of a horse and
working about the house, Apply to
DR. McCLELLAND,
Fifth street, Wanted, Hegs Takon Up.

FRED SCHWEITZER, MR.WHIPPLE'S SINGING OLASS WILL MEET FOR REHEARSALonWEDNE DAY,
at 8 P. M., in the usual place. It is necessary that
all should be present to complete the arrangements to

Administratrix's Notice. A LL persons indebted to Dr. R. A'klason and will please come forward and settle without d All persons having ciaims against the estate of Wil, Atkis on, deceased, will please present the on, deceased, will please prefer / authentic ted. on or hefore the lat day / authentic ted. on AARY KATE ATKISSON, Administratrix Simpsonville, July 1, 1862.—d10

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS KENTUCKY STATE LIBBARY ASSOCIATION CO W. C. FRANCE & Co., Managers. (Successors to R. France & Co.).

DRAWN AT LOUISVILLE, KY., JUNE 30, 1862. Class 155. 48 55 18 57 44 -9 20 59 31 58 13 60 -2 Class 156. -5 -8 24 61 28 35 48 11 12 69 58 50

All orders promptly attended to and circulare so Address W. C. FRANCE & CO., Managers, 306 Jefferson st., Louisville, Ky. the death-warrant of his military reputation." Female Academy of the Ursulines, Chestant street, between Shelhy and Campbell.

DOARO, Warhing, Tuitlon, &c., per session, \$28 in advance. Music, French, &c., extra.

DAY SCHOOL.—Terms for one seasion all in advance. Business letters to be addressed to Elev. Leanders STREEE, Pastor of St. Martin's Church, Shelhy street, or to Mother Salessia Restricting, Superior, 191 48m.

THE NEW ENGLAND CONDITION

Liverpool and London Fire and Life Insurance Company, in the let day of January, 1863, made to the Anditor of the State of Kentucky, in compliance with an act cutitled "An act to regulate Agencies of Foreign Insurance Companies," approved 3d of March, 1866. 956. NAME AND LOCATION.
tt. name of the Company is the Liverpool and Lond in Fire and Live learnance Company, and i located in Liverpool, England.

CAPITAL.
The amount of Capital Stock is........ \$1,000,000 for The amount of Capital Stock, paid up, ie. 944,510 for 

Debts due the Company for pre-43,573 15 The B nds and Stocks owned by the Company, per vouch ors a compensing how se-cured, and the rate of inter

Total Assets of the Company in the U.S.\$1, 84 792 Capital......£ 88,901 0s 0d Recerved Finad 218,146 1t 11 Life " 707,785 7 8 Fire " 146,993 2 10

£1,269,826 2s 0d @\$510 the£ \$6.299,130 0 

STATE OF NEW YORK, ty and County of New York } es. Henry Grunnell, Duputy Chairman, and Alfred Poll resident, Secretary, of the Liverpool and London fre and Lie Insurance Company, belong severally worn and affirmed, depose and say, and each for him orn and affirmed, depose and say, and each for his fass, that the foresolns is a full, true, and corn tement of the affairs of the said Company; that it dements of the affairs of the said Company; that it defends on the said company; that it defends on the same of the beautiful distribution of acts and single where of the said contains of acts and so and the same is mortgaged for; that the aboveribed luvestments, nor any part thereof, are mentioned the same is mortgaged for; that the aboveribed investments, nor any part thereof, are mentioned to the said company, nor for any office management of said Company, nor for any office of the said Company; and that the etca above described officers of the said Insuranmany. HENRY GRINNELL, Deputy Cheirman, ALF'D PELL, R. Becretary.

ibed and sworu and affirmed to before me, sioner for Kentucky in and for said county on New York, Stato of New York, this le h day of Janury, 1-62. SEAL DAN. SERXAS. Com'r for Ky. in New York. Auditor's Office, Kentuckt.) Frankfort, July 1, 1862.

hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of original on file in this office.

In witness whereof, I have hereof thand and affixed my official real the day SEAL hand and annaed in and sear ahove written.
GRANT GREEN, Auditor. No. 103. Auditos's Office, Frankfort, Kr., 3 July 1, 1862. No. 103. AUDITOR'S OFFICE, Table 1, 1862.]

This is to certify that William Sinton, as ago of the Liverpal and London Fire and Life Instance Company, Liverpal, Encland, at Louicely Jefferson county, has filed in this office the stn ments and exhibits required by the provisions an act, entitled "An act to regulate Agracies Foreign Insurance Companies," approved March 1856; and it having been shown to the satisfaction the undersigned that said Company is possessed of an tual capital of at least one hundred and fifty thouse dollars, as required by said act, the said William and as agent as aforesaid, is hereby licensed and milted to take risks and transact business of insurance.

BARBECUE. THERE WILL BE A BAR"ECUE AT SHEP-HERHSVILLE, 18 miles from the city, on the Nashville Ratroad, on Fitl OAY, July 4, 1862.
Trains will have the D.pot at b:45 and 7:45 A. M., and

A Raro Chanco! FOR SALE, THE LEASE and FIXTURES, together with the STOCK of one of the oldest and most desirably to

MILLINERY AND FANCY STORES IN THIS CITY. n, if required, given immediately. Apply a

b. 144 Fourth street.

N.B. It is decidedly the battand in Louisville for jyl de Turnip Seed! Turnip Seed! 10,000 EBS TURNIT SEED of the most approved varieties, such as Early Strap loaf Flat Purple Tep; Early White Flat Dutch;

Al of which will be sold at the lowest market price h ROGERS & GEST, No. 133 Market et., Philadelphie Copartnership. ersigned have this day associated themselve offer the purpose of transacting a Wti. L CERY and ComMission to shees, one

Grand 4th of July PICNIC

For the Benefit of St. Patrick's Church PHERE WILL HE A GRAND PICKE FOR THE

Female Teacher's Situation Wanted

VACATION SCHOOL. dy, 1862, for supplying the U.S. Subsidence of with 6,000 head of BEEF CATILE or the animal to average I.300 pourds gross. No arimst tred that weight less than 1,000 pounds gross, heif-stage, and Bulls not wanted.

e hest delivery of Cattle to he made on the 1st day quest, or as soon thereafter as the Governmen may t. 800 head of Cattle per week will be required to livered under this contract.

bond with good and sufficient security will be reon.
All blds must be accompanied by two guarantcos.
Bids to be nirected to MAJORA. BECKWIFH, C.S.
B.A., Washington, D. C., and endorsed "Propusal

DRESS HATS — PRATHER & SMITH's spring style Dress Hate are immonsely admired Prices 3, 4, and 5 dollars. 128 jch SUMMER HATS - PRATHER & SMITH ave a large and varied stock of Summer Hats or men and hops. j25 j&h

SOFT HATS-A large and elegant assortmen of Men's and Hoya' Soft Hat's to grove and for sale at very low prices for cash at 420 Main street.

J23 PRATHER & SMITH.

NOTWITISTANDING PRATHER & SMITH sell the finest goods in America, they also keep the lowest priced. COTTON YARN-74 hags Cotton Yarn, accorted

Ne. 39 State Street, Besten, INSURES LIVES ON THE MUTUAL PRINCIPLE. NET Accumulation exceeding \$2.000,000, and in-future—the whole safely and advantageously invested. The husiness conducted exclusively for the benefit of the persons incured.

The greatest rick taken on a life \$15.000.

pins distributed among the members every fiftle from December 1, 1848—settled in cash or by ad nto policy, at the paid quarterly, semi-annually, omiums may be paid quarterly, semi-annual promun-lies or one half of the first five annual promun nnian; of the last of the first row annual promut on Life Policies loaned to the insured, if desired, WILLARD PHILLIPS, President, Benjamin F. Stevens, Secretary. Forms of Application, reports, and interesting documents of the Lompany will be furnished, and any dired information given by the Agent. red information given by the Agent.

LOUISVILLE REFERENCES. Hon, W. F. Bullock, R. Burge, Esq., A. Rawson, Esq., D. P. Faulds, Esq., George Davis, Esq.

J. L. DANFORTH, Agent and Bullitt streets; entrance on Bullitt street, m27 deodtAug13, 1862. WOMAN'S PATRICTISM IN 1862.

BEAULE'S DIME NOVELS, No 40, Now Ready,

SHT

Unionist's Daughter.

A FOURTH OF JULY DOUBLE NUMBER! A Superb Stery of the Rebellien in Tennessee

By the ever popular MRS. METTA V. VICTOR, AUTHOR OF "MAUM OUTNEA," "ALICE WILDE," THE "SLIMMEN'S" AND "RASHES" PAPERS, ETO. Price 20 cents. Pound with "Meum Guinea," in clot

BEADLE'S DIME SERIES. PRICE 10 CENTS. PARSON BROWNLOW AND THE

UNIONISTS of EAST TENNESSEE WITH ANECDOTES, INC. ENTS, &c. BEADLE'S AMERICAN BATTLES, No. I.

PITTSBURG LANDING AND TUB

SIEGE OF CORINTH. Each lasue of Beadle's American Battles will ha con plete in itself, giving the story of one Battle or on Compaign; and the whole series will form, when com ted, a coencoted and stirring history of the Grea bellion. Price Ten Cents each. For sale by all By keellers and Newsdealers, Sen pet-paid, on receipt of price. Agents wanted. Ad-

GREAT ATTRACTION. HEW MUSIC NEW AND POPULAR M USIC AT HER STORE OF D. P. FAULDS, Mein st. anita or Waneta Transcription, hy Brinley Richard whisper not those words again call unch some better name.

cre's your Mide. Comic. Bens n...

pay is Past, with chorus.

en in my Heart. Contemers.

epin be Shady Del. Kness.

Last Adden. Collins.

a addition, any Music published North or Sontharticles in the Music trade, of tho best quality. Publisher of Music and Importer of Mu

GREAT BARGAINS Selling Off at Cost!

DINGFRLDER & GOLDMAN

SUMMER DRY GOODS AT COST,

French Jacouets and Chintzes, Lawns, Organdies, Grenadines. Bereges, Mozambiques;

Lace Points, Lace Mantilias. Siik Mantilias.

Parasols, &c. As we have rented a now store on Fourth street, be ween Market and Jefferson, we shall, before me OODS AT COST, and promise great hargains DomesticGoods

which we will sell at VERY LOW PRICES. Come and examine our etock DINGFELDER & GOLDMAN,

No. 321 Market st., between Third and Fourth

NOTICE.

NOTICE. Cart. W N. OWENS, Co. L 1st Reg. Kr. Cavalry

VACATION SCHOOL. request, the undersigned will instruct a class policant, who may desire special information ranches required in the respective department OFFER FOR SALE THE ENGINES AND BOILER of the steamers James Woods and Jemes J. huson a No. 28 Market et., Nashvill

Administrator's Sale.
On THURSDAY, July 10, 15.2, will
be so d, to the highest hidder, at public sale, at the late residence of W.O. old, about 15% hands high;
A young Jeanet:
29 head of Horses, the most of them extra Brow
Makes and Fillies;
About 25 head Blooded Cattle;
150 head of stock Hoze;
R ckaway and Hannes;

noved from the premises.

Sale to commerce at 8 o'clock A.M., when duratten the size of W. B. McMAKIN, S. O. McMAKIN, Administrators of W. O. McMakin, deceased.

Shelhy county, Ky., June 28—dtd

CONGRESS HALL CAPE ISLAND, N. J., WILL BE OPEN FOR THE RECEPTION OF VIS

COMBINATION A NOTHER CAPITAL PRIZE SOLD AT THE Post-office! In a few weeks Turez capital Prizes sold in the office!

The Company divides three-post-office in a few weeks Turez capital Prizes sold in the office!

The Company divides three-post-office in a few weeks Turez capital Prizes sold in the office!

The Company divides three-post-office in the office in a few weeks Turez capital Prizes sold in the office in a few weeks Turez capital Prizes sold in the office in a few weeks Turez capital Prizes sold in the office in a few weeks Turez capital Prizes sold in the office in a few weeks Turez capital Prizes sold in the office in a few weeks Turez capital Prizes sold in the office in the offi

SUTLERS' GOODS.

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, Sutlers' Stationery.

J. McMULLEN & CO., 167 Walnut street, near Gibson House CINCINNATI,

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in all kinds o Variety Packages, Pocket Map of the Seat of War, &c.

Orders from Sutlers and Dosters promptly attended

o, and prices satisfactory. PUBLIC SALE. I will sell, at suble sale, on TUES-DAY, the sth day of July, at my rest-tence, in Suelby centry. Ky., eight niles south sest of Shellyvitle, on the dence, in S.elby ceunty, Ky., eight to be a loy-ville and Tayloraville Thropike, the following operty, to-wiv: 15 or 16 BROOD MARES and Filles everal of them have colts by their sides, and two older to make the saidte mares; 12 or 15 JENNETS (two of sem have fine Jeck colts and several others yet to loal); fine yearling JAc K and 3 two year-old JA KS that ill make fine Mule Jacks, all sired hy my own Jack, will also set in y JENNET JACK (Roeburk the 1s 15 and 3 inches high, a coal black with meaty nose, and as proven tinself to be an extra fine Mulo and Jack teeder. Yen will see a sp climen of bis hreeding on to day of sale). Also a lot of 28 N. 1, yearling MULE 3 fine condition; a fine DRAUGHT STAILHON, 16% and shigh; and a 3-year-old TBOTTING STAILHON, y. Len kovere, well broke to drive since he was a year d, at d nade his mile last fall under three minutes. The sale will cammence at the hour of 10 A. M. A credit until the let of Jaconary, 1883, will be given, therefore made known on the day of sale.

LEWIS MELONE.

J. G. JACK (Late JACK & BROTHER), Commission, Tobacco, and Produce Merchant, No. 518 Main st., between Third and Fourth CONSIGNMENTS OF MANUFACTURED TOBACCO

N. B. Particular attention given to filling orders fo Pork, Bacon, Lard, and Produce generally. Louisville, Juna 25, 1\*62. MANUFACTURED TOBACCO— 50 boxes Missouri Tobacco; 56 caddies do de: Just received per steamboat Citizen on consig No. 518 Main et., between Third and Fourth. Louisville, June 25, 1862. ARD—A lot of prime Leaf Kentucky Lard just re-ceived on configurant and for sale by Loui villo, June 25, 1883. J. G. JACK.

JEANS AND LINSEYS—47 helps Kentucky Jeans and Linseys on consegnment and for sale by Loulsville, June 28, 1982. J. O. JACK. QUAKERESS GORED HOOPS. Received by Express a fresh supply in the above

Kid Gloves,&c. MERRIMAN'S

CLOAK, SHAWL, and MANTILLA

NATTONAL HOTEL, Fourth Street.

U. S. Marshal's Sale.

CRACKERS AND CAKES. PRICE LIST OF CRACKERS & CAKES.

" - - - 5 dcts. per lb. " - - - 4 %ets. per lb. Water Ginger Cakes - - - 25 cts.por100. Ginger Cakes, largo size, 30 cts.per100 For orders amounting to five barrels and upwards 10 PER CENT DEDUCTION allowed off ell arth-J. C. COOPER,

N. E corner Wainut and Wnter streets, may14 d3mis CINCINNATI, O. CONFECTIONERY FOR SALE.

ALL persons indebted to C. W. Bliss, either hy note or open account, are requested to make immediate parment to myself, at my office, in Court Place, near sixth street. In my absence, C. K. Fairfax, Esq., is

UNDRIES—
200 boxes W. R. Cheese in shipping order;
125 do Hamburg do;
24 firkins W. R. R. etter;
2,000 boxes Fox's Starch;
100 dozen camed Syrawberries;
100 do do 1 herries;
5d do anorted Jellies;
2,000 bbs eigar cured Dried Beef;
1,000 do eigar ared Dried Beef;
5,000 bbs eigar cured Dried Beef;

a sione and for sale by 125 ds ABNER COOPER, 145 Fourth street To Holders of Claims against the War Dopartmont. THE undersigned, appointed by the President to investigate and determine all thims against the Wa ing, in Caire, without delay, GEORGE S. BOULWELL, STEPHEN T. LOGAN, C. A. DANA,

THOMAS MEANS, Soliciter, Cairo, June 20, 1862. REMOVAL. DONALY & STRADER

Plumbing & Gas Fitting

**ESTABLISHMENT** between Third and Fourth

their old customers or any one wishing WATER or OAS introduced into their houses. ju24 distf GRAYSON SPRINGS. GRAYSON COUNTY, KY. HAVING taken a lease on the entire interest of James F. Clerksou in this property for the cresen year, I will open the same on the let day of Julinext for the reception of visture, and as I sm determined to have the place in good condition and the acromodations as good as like country will allord an circumstances given by the property of the old patterns of Grayson this summer.

Cenveyance always resdy to Elizabetistown. TERMS: BAUENDAHL & CO., IMPORTERS.

"Hope Building." No. 131 Dunne street,
No. 131 Dunne street,
HAVE NOW IN STORE
Blue Cloths and Doeskins for Army and Navy orders; Indigo Cloths for Caps; Fine 6-4 Doeskins, regulation shades; Yellow, Scarlet, Crimson, and Light Green Oloths: Also a full line of HEAVY WOOLLENS: Eskimo & Moscow Ceatings & Velonrs: 3-4 & 6-4 Black Donskins & Beavers; 6-4 Fancy Cassimeres. FOR SALE AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES. may29 McTudWe4w

METCALFE'S KENTUCKY REPORTS. VOLUME 3. JOHN P. MORTON & CO., 425 Maln st.

EOARDING.

Mutual Fire Insurance.  WANTED

Wanted to buy fer Cash, OND-HAND PIANUS at from a Leave applications, addressed to mal office. Give description and p

FOR SALE OR RENT For Sale or Exchange. 100 ACRES OF LAND, shout half of which is well cleared and in cuttivation, six miles from the city, on the Seventh Street Plackroad, for sale, or would exchange for au imploved Farm in either thenderson of Union country, or for young and likely Negroes. Inquir of A. L. Shotwell & Son.

For Bale or Exchange,

A BRICK HOUSE, with 6% acres of land attached, in Jefferson county, within 3 miles of the Court-House, with he seld at a property. For particulars, apply to JAMES W. OSBOKNE, Real Estate Acent. Jefferson, hetween Fourth and Fith, 190 dl8.

For Ront,
Two STORES in the U.S. Hotel building, par
ticularly suitable for Clothing or Boots and
Shoes, as they connect with the Hotel. Posses
and the street in the line of the street in the street A GOLD WATCH AND CHAIN. If the finder will be hard-onely rewarded.

Bridesburg Machine Works.

OFFICE No. 65 North Front et., PHILADELPHIA.

WE are prepared to fill orders to any extent for our
well-knewn MACHINERY FOR COTTON AND
WOOLLEF. MILLS, including all recent improvements
in Cardins, Spinning, and Weaving. We invite the attention of manufacturers to one extensive works.

ALFITED JENKS & SON.

F. H. GIBSON Apothecary, Capitol Drug Store, opposite Post-office, LOUISVILLE, KY.

PURE AND FRESH MEDICINES, CHEMI-CALS. DRUGS. &c.: CHOICE TOILET AND FANCY ARTICLES; FINE AND PURE LIQUORS FOR MEDICINAL PURPOSES. &c.: FINE TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

ICE! ICE JOHN P. CROMIE Northern Lake Ice,

Office at the Store of A. V. Dupont & Co., 400 Main \$50 REWARD.

Photograph Albums. JOHN P. MORTON & CO., BOOKSBLLERS & STATIONERS, 425 MAIN STREET,

of PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, comprising no

styles and the late-t improvements, at prices vary

om 60c to \$25. EVERYBODY WANTS ONE.

WHERLER & WILSON

FIRST PREMIUM **BEST FAMILY SEWING MACHINE** For Three Successive Years AT THE

U.S. FAIR! For Four Successive Years AT THE Ohio State Fair. AND AT THE LAST

KENTUCKY STATE FAIR. Over 90,000 of these Machines now soid in the United States!

Office No. 1 Masonic Temple. LOUISVILLE. Anditor's Notice. Estate of MARGARET CRAIG MILNES, des (formerly Markaret Anderson), late of West Nau township, Chester county, Pennsylvania.

J. SMITH FUTHEY, Anditor A NEW AND IMPORTANT INVENTION

DOUGLAS BLY, M. D. pamphiot, containing and free of cherge by addressing BLY, M. D.,
1 OUGLAS BLY, M. D.,
Cincinnati,

JUST PUBLISHED

Cord on the Legal and Equitable Rights of Married Women. A TREATISE ON THE LEGAL AND EQUITABLE RIGHTS OF MARRIED WOMEN, as well in respect to their property and persons as to incir child rea with an appendix of the recent AMERICAN STAT WM. H. CORD, Esq.,

Of Flemingsburg, Ky

HAY & BROTHER, Law Bunkseilers, Publishers, & Importers



93 HHDS N. O. SUGAR. SHERLEY & WOOLFOLK.

AUGUST ELECTION Fifth Judicial District. For Surveyor of Jefferson County.
VE are authorized to announce BEN. M. HARVEY
as a candidate for Surveyor of Jefferson county a

AMES P. CHAMBERS to a candidate for Circu.
Court Clerk at the August election. ml2 dte Third Judicial District.

OHN CHAPEZE, or Harlford, Ohno county, is a candidate for Commonwealth's Attorney in the Judical District. He can had'n meet with opposition here re is known, and the Union men of the District Beventh Judicial District.

ty is unquestioned.

DGE JAMES STUART Is a cand date for re-elec-ton to the Judgeship of the 8d Judicial Di-trict at August election.

12J dte\*

12J dte\*

12J dte\* WE are authorized to announce the liou. P. B. MUIR as a candidate for re-election as Circuit Judge of this District. For Chancellor or the Louisville Chan-VE are autharized to announce the Hon. HENRY PHTLE as a candidate for Chaucellor of the Louisville Chancer Court.

WE are autharized to announce the Hon. HENRY PHTLE as a candidate for Chaucellor of the Louisville Chancer Court at the August election.

WE are an inorized to announce CALES W. LOGAN as a candidate for re-election to the office of Chancellor of the Louisville Chancery Court. 113 dte\*

FOR COHONER. August election.

A LEX. OWENS is a randidate for Coroner at the posuing August election.

a28 dte

Appellate District.

Commonwealth Attorney for Sixth Jndicial District.

MAJOR M. H. OWSLEY, of the 5th Kentacky, authorizes us to amounce him as a candidate for Commonwealth Attorney for the Sixth Judicial District. comprising the country of Comborland, Clinton Wayne, Russell, Fulazki, Boyle, Garrard, and Lincoln at the August stection. Ocunty Clerk of Cumberland County.

AM a candidate for the office of county Court Clerk
at the ensuing August election in the county o

For Commonwealth Attorney. R. DUPUY s a caudidate for Commonwealth Attorney in this district, composed of Jefferson leby, oldham, Spence r, and Bullitt countles.

For a heriff of Jefferson County.

election. m13 dte
CAPA, W. S. D. MMGOWAN is a caudidate for Cle
of the County Court at the August election.

of the County Court at the ensuing election.
as dawte
as dawte that the candidate for Judge of the
Judge of the Judge of the Judge of the Judge of the

THOMAS A. MORGAN is a candidate for the office of Marshal of Londsville Chancery Court, m29 dts Por Olerk of the Court.
Ocurt.
MESSRS. EDITORS: Please aunounce HARRY STUCKY as a caudidate for Cierk of the Chance-MANY VOIERS,

OLIVER H. STRATTAN desires to be re-elected second term, t) the office of clerk of the City Court. lis political creed is subtraced in the Coustly laration of Ind pendence, the Union, and enfo Upwards of 20,000 sold within the past year! For Clork of Bullitt Circuit and County

L. JOHN LLOYD is a candidate for Jailer of

JAILE R FOR OIRCUIT JUDGE.

MAD'ME F.CERF, Paris Millinor,

MRS. C. K. SANGER Has opened a new stock of MILLINERY, STRAW GOODS and BONNET FRAMES at whole

JUDGE R. K. WILLIAMS, of Mayfield, Ky, is candidate for the office of Judge from the Fourth Appellate District.

an now and have been in the service since July, 61. [m27 dawte] M. MARTIN. State Assessor for Jefferson County
City of Louisville included.
WE ARE authorized to amounce G. T. MAY as a
caudidate for Assessor of fonleville and Jefferson
county at the enguing August el-ction. it3 dte country at the ensuing August el-ction. Its die E. GAILBREATH is a candidate for the office of August election.

Angust election. Market election.

W. H. WATTS is a candidate for Assesser of Joffforson county, including the City of Louisville, a the eneming August election.

WE are nuthorized to announce E. S. CRAIG at a caud dete for re-election to the office of Common-sealth's Attorney. PEASE aunounce WM. STEWART as a candidate for Shoriff. If a more houset man or a helter ever lived we have never seen him. WE are authorized to announce W A. RONALD a a candidate for Sheriff of Jofferson county.

Tor Olerk of the County Court of Jefferson County Count at the ensuing August election. mgo die WE are authenzed to automice Ch AS. M. THRUS TON as a candidate for re-election to the office of Clerk of the Jefferson County Court at the ensuing mild die county C WOULD call attention to their new and fresh stock ROBERT J. ELLIOTT is a candidate for the office of Clerk of the County Court of Jefferson County at the ensuing August election.

I JACK CONN is a randidate for Clerk of the County Court of Jefferson County at the ensuing Adde as date.

> For Marshal of the Leuisville Chan-Cery Court.
>
> MESSRS. EDITORS: Please amounce Capt. J. R. of the Chonnery Court at the enough Angast election and oblice his
>
> NUMEROUS FRIENDS.

LL. R. HERVEY is a candidate for re-election as Clerk of the Louisville Chancery Court.

Courts.

WE are authorized to announce CIL R. SAMUELS as a candidate for Clerk of the Buillit Circuit and FOR JAIL 14.

The authorized to announce M. J. SCHMITT as a Union candidate for the office of Jailer at the list die its die i

COVINGTON ARTERBURN

MILLINERY RESPECTIVELY INFORMS THE LADIES OF Louisville and vicinity that, having just roturned from New York, she is now opening at her Store, 409 Market st., 5 doors below Fourth, PARIS MILLINERY. of the LATEST FASHIONABLE STYLES.
Lad es will conselt their interest by examining this holes stock, which is offered at reasonable prices.

AMERICAN HOUSE,

18 THE LARGEST AND BEST ARRANGED HO
THE in the New Eugland States—is centrally located
and easy of access from all the rootes of travel. It
contains all the modern improvements and every convanience for the comfort and accommodation of the

Boston, March 4, 1862-disly

A SURPRISE AT HENDERSON .- One hundred and ten men, embrscing Cept. John O. Dailey's company of Lonisville Provost Guards and a detachment of Capt. Andrews's Michigea Buttery from West Point, the whole under command of Capt. Dailey, were surprised by a party of rebels at Henderson, Kentucky, on Sunday night. It appears that Capt. Dailey's command ware encamped in an enclosed lot, and that the rebels had succeeded in secreting themselves in two adjoin lng hnildiegs, firing npon the Federals uader cover of the darkness from their hiding places. We regret to learn that in the engagement which followed Lient. Tyler, of Andrews's Battery, was killed, and Capt. Dailey and his brother, Lieut. Dalley, were wounded. Capt. Dailsy's conduct after the sttack was made is very highly praised. Although asverely wounded in the thigh, he bound up his wounds with pecket hendkerchiefs, and formar is frozen for half the year, and is too far went heartily into the engagement, completely r utiog the enemy, with what loss we are not informed. It has been stated that the rebel bushwhackers were led by Richard Hawes, and the name of Clay Meriwether has also heen associated with the maraoders. Captain Watkins, with forty-four Provost Goards, and Captain Nicklin, of the Thirteenth Indiana Battery, with two guns and a detachment of men, left for Henderson hy the steamer Grey Eagle last evening. Their presence in and about Handerson will have the effect to restore good order in that region. GRAND FOURTIF OF JULY PIC NIC BY THE CON-

GREGATION OF ST. PATRICK -In consequence of the inability to charter steamhoats to rna to Spring Grove, the congragation of St. Patrick will hold their pic-nic near Strnbe's Gardeo. From what we have heard of the preparations and the zeal of the being brought to market, as now, in hundles manegers, we have little donbt that this grand colebration of freedom's natal day will be observed in long trains of richly laden cars, on the railwith that patriotic ardor which distinguishes our Irish fellow citizens. In the formation, as well as in the preservation of our independence, the sons of the Emerald Isle stand forth prominently. The former pic-nics of St. Patrick have been very successful, and we hope that the patriotic pastor and his congregation will experience in the forthcoming one no exception. Let the glorious Fourth ba a gala day and its glorious traditions reconsted to all—those to the manor born as well as to those who coce dwelt on the banks of the Rhice, the

TIPE APPROACHING CELEBRATION. - The pstriotic gentlemen who have been charged with the preparations for the celebration of the ap proaching Fourth of July at the Fair Grounds have completed their arrengements. Exen:sion trains will be run over the various railroads terminating at this city, and the assemblage in Lonisville on that occasion will be beyond precedent. As a continuation of the exercises at the Fair Grounds, there will be a grand dieplay of fire-works at the corner of East and Walnut etreets during the evening, and the arrangements for the display have been placed in the hands of experienced pyrotechnists, who will trust the multitude to a most gorgeous spectacle at Washington, Mr. Crampton, his passports -a spectacle worthy of the day and worthy of in the time of the Crimesn war, though dic-Lonisville.

SOLDERRS' PAY,-We are informed that agen- pursuance of our obligations as a neutral powcies have been established, not only throughout or, wes an act which Russia knows how the country but in this city, for the collection of | to sppreciate. We are both young nations, in soldiers' pay, the agents charging the soldiers a fee for their services. Soldiera chould know that these events can benefit them in no way whatever. If soldiers who have descriptive lists in tions that cultivate an occidental civilization. In their possession apply to the Peymaster who has government, we make the nesrest approaches to heen assigned to their regiment, they will get their allowance without delay. If they are not in possession of such descriptive list, the agent can be of | inhabited by strong races, whose vigor is not imno advantege to them. The Paymaster's office in pared by the vices of an offete civilization. Each this city is at the northeast corner of Walnut and is doubtless invested by Providence with a mighty

ARRIVAL OF PRISONERS .- The Star Grev Eagle, which arrived from Henderson vesterday, brought np the following prisoners, a portion of whom were from Henderson, and the remainder from Owensboro; J. M. Berry, Dr. W. C. Wolfolk, D. F. Ramsey, Joseph Morehead, W. II. Moore, Joan Yarrell, Jas. H. Baker, J. B. Haines, J. E. Sutton, Jas. E. Stone, George W. Swepe, G. W. Leet, M. D. Wells, P. B. Hicks, T. J. Monarch, M. C. Pate, John Carter, G. W. Porter, John A. Monfort, F. L. Hall, Garrett Mitchell, W. S. Elam, Lewis Weher. Carrett and Baker left this city in company with the notorious John D. Pepe. The New Albany Ledger furnishes an ac-

count of the commencement exercises of the Indiana Asbury Female College at New Albany on Sunday, and says that the annual address was delivered in the morning hy Rev. Charles B. Par sons, of Lonisville. Subject-"The Divinity of Knowledge." The address was replete with fer vid eloquence, pointed trnths, and wholesome connsel. It was listened to by the lergest audience ever assembled in that church, and for more than an honr the andience were held spell-hound hy the logic and rhetoric of the celebrated orator

We are gratified to learn from Mr. Alfred B. Hswett, the efficient hospital steward in this city, that the wounded soldier who was sent to Cincinnati hy the mailhoat on Saturday last, mention of whose supposed ill-treatment we made | 1, of England, while a prisoner is Carisbrook yesterday, was quite comfortable when the boat eached Cincinnati. Mr. Hewett rendered him very interesting features in the letters written by comfortable on the boet and mede the proper provision for him in Cincinnatl.

A woman, is a heastly state of intoxication, with an interesting child about eight months nld in her arms, fell on the stones at the Jeffersonville forry landing yesterday, the child's head striking the stones and seriously injuring it. Capt. A. Y. Dillard, of the Louisville Provost Gnard, took the child from the nnnatural mother and placed it in charge of a humane lady of Jef-

DROWNED. -The hody of Wm. Summers, as old citizen of Louisville, was found in the pond near the corner of Twenty-first and Market streets yesterday. The deceased had waded into the pond, and lying down purposely, or falling down, was drowned. The deceased wes a painter hy profession, and had resided in this city for by the most prominent men of Tennessee, and was

THEATRE -This evening the interesting dram of "The Gnnmaker of Moscow," teken from the popular Ledger story, will be acted, together with F. Trigg, of Knoxvills, to fill the vacancy. The Mr. Fuller's excellent farce of "Six Feet-Two." This is the last week of the regular dramatic seeson, hat we hope the management will find as come attraction during the summer.

ARRESTED AND RELEASED .- J. S. McFadden W. Williams, George W. Breedlove, Jas. Riley, and H. S. Anthony were arrested in this city and and lodged in the Military Prison yesterday. McFadden and Williams were enhacquently re- the very night in which Parson Brownlow was leased upon giving hond in five hundred dollars | imprisoned in Knoxville by the Tennessee rehals and taking the oath of allegiance.

cipitate flight. Nearly all the Sabhath-schools of the city will take part in the celebration of the approachlng Fonrth of July. The school attached to the the Poughkeepsie (N. Y.) Press gives an account Shelby-atreet M. E. Charch will spend the dey in of an interview with General Scott, in which the beantiful wood in the vicinity of the waterthe old veteren-"in response to a remark that there had been some splerdid fighting before Rich-

Capt J. J. Evans, Provost Marshall of Mt. Sterling, arrived in the city last evening with Major O. S. Tenaey, a leading accessionist of Montgomery county, is custody, to report to Gen. Boyle.

is some quarters for his apparently slow move-Thare was a falling-off in the sales of tobacco at the warehouses yesterday, but an advance of fully \$1 per hundred in the prices obtained over the prices paid on Saturday.

We are rignested to eav that as the post office is opened at Hnntsvills, Ala., the Kentncky hetween filled in with rocks and other material, soldiers in that neighborhood would like to hear He don't think the gunhoats can effectivaly cofrom their Triends at home. operate in the reduction of the city.

The body of Robert M. Maury, who was drowned on Sunday afternoon while hathlag in Railroad, rear Memphis, had been attacked by the river near the ladiana thore."

J. Bl. BUCHANAN, Coroner. the river aboat eight miles below the city, was the rebals and destroyed a few days ago is un-

fonuded. We are indebted to Mr. A. H. Nonnemach- TDr. Kraut, snrgeon of Col. Willich's regier, of the Adams Express Company, for St. Louis ment, died in the Indianapolls on Sainrday evenand Memphis papers.

PORT OF LOUISVILLE. RUSSIA AND THE UNITED STATES. - The New fork World, in reference to the renewed rumors ARRIVALS YESTERDAY. of mediation, thinks the emphatic contradiction of these rumers both by Earl Russell, in the House of Lords, end by Lord Palmerston, in the DEPARTURES YESTERDAY. Honse of Commons, should relieve us from any

apprehension of immediate danger, but says, on

the other hand, the temper of France and Eng-

land is known to be unfriendly, their people suffer

great distress by the prolonged detention of the

cotton crop, the intrigues of the Confederato

agents in Europe are incassant, and occurrence

ars constantly liable to take place on this side o

the Atlantic susceptible of distortion into a pre-

text for interference. If France and Eagland

should offer a joint mediation, and, on its rejection

penly take sides with the Sonth, the chance

inless the inequality of the struggle should be

relieved by the resources of diplomacy. The na-

tural ally of the United States, in the corjecture

here supposed, would be cur old friend, the Czar

of Russia. The great military resources of this

angust power are attested by the formidable alli

ance with which It was thought necessary to con

front it in the Crimean war, and by the great

length of time during which the four allied na-

tions were kept at buy io the siege of Sebastopol

Russia has still the same territorial ambition and

the same commercial necessities which impelled her

toward Constantineple in 1851. Any person who

will glance at the map will see that the Russiao

empire in Europe, which extends from the Polar

Sea to the Euxine, slopes, in its warmer and mor

productive half, to the south, the course of it

ivers being in that direction. The commerce o

north to accommodate the vast agricultural re

gion which enjoys a more genial tuo and tem-

perateclimate. The possession of the Bosphorus

is for Southern Russia s geographical and com

mercial necessity scarcely lass imperative than

the possession of the lower Mississippi is for cur

Western States. Constantineple, which is the

most magnificent site for a commercial city or

the globe, languishes order the feel e sway o

Russian commerce, it would become to the east-

era continent what New York is to the western.

The country about it, so favored by nature, a

ernment, would under Russian management

become a hive of industry and a home

tied to the becks of bullocks, would be freighted

ways with which Russian enterprise would eve-

rywhere intersect the country. The charge of

sovereigaty would he as inc.lculable blessing to

Turkey, and a rich boon to the general com-

merce of the world. This chaoge, so indispensa-

ble to the full development of Russia, and so

promotive of a mighty commerce on the Mediter-

wou dat any time go to war to prevent it. They

see that Russia, with this advantage, would be-

come the greatest militery and maritime nation

in the old world, and dwarf them into insignifi-

If these powers should be so rash as to interfere

n our quarrel, the world would have reason to

thick poorly both of Americae diplomacy and

Russian statesmanship if the Czar did not take

advantage of the circumstances to ecquire ihn po-

sition on the Bosphorus toward which his Empire

has been gravitating for the last three-quarters

of a century, but which can never be ecquired

except in some conjuncture which brings Western

diplomacy of the two countries has not herete fore

failed to see that the time might come when mu-

tnal friendship might be of the greatest mulual

advantage. Our giving the Eoglish minister

tated by a sense of national honor, and in

the earlier stages of a vigorous day slopment, look-

ing iorward with boundless hope to a great future.

Territorially we are the two most importent na-

the other to simple democracy. Each country is

of a Massachusetts soldier now doing duty on the

things. The volume is about four inches long.

two inches wide, ebout three quarters of en inch

In thickness, and consiste of two hundred end

thirty-six pagss. It has eviden'ly nndergone

the process of hinding more than once, as the

outer margin of the lseves is very narrow, and

the inner mergin is hound up quite close to the

text. The paper is fine and the type clear-the

whole hook being io an excellent state of preser-

vation. It is illustrated with some very quaint

wood-cule, and one copperplate portrait of King

Charles Il, of England, at the age of ninetcen.

The title page is printed portly with red ink,

and has a rose, the emblem of England, and a

thistle, the emblem of Scotland, one on each side.

The imprint shows that the book is two hundred

ters, meditations, and prayers, written by Charles

castle prior to his execution. There are some

the King, the harden of which is the discussio

of the question whether the support of the Epis

copacy was not a dnty equally imposed on him

hy the Word of God and hy bis coronation oath.

Mr. Alexander Henderson, a Scotchman, it ap-

pears, was a very learned divine of Newcsstle,

and the correspondence between King Charles

and him was of the unfortunats monarch's seek-

ing. The volume contains some very interesting

particulars relative to the conduct and opinions of

was a meeting of East Tennesseeans held in

Washington last week for the purpose of desig

nating a snitable person to fill the vecancy cause

hy the removal of Judge Hnmphreys by the judg

ment of the Serate. The meeting was attended

resided over by Parson Browolow. The Hon.

Bailie Peyton, a prominent Unionist, and who

was a member of Congress in Gao. Jackson's ad-

ministration, ecconded the nomination of Col. C.

Hon. Horace Maynerd was deputized to acqueint

the President with the voice of the meeting, and

to request the immediate appointment of Colonel

Trieg, that Unionists might hold the courts of

Tennessee and punish the rebels. Col. Trigg is

an old and tried Unionist, and became a refugee

on account of rebel persecution during the early

days of the rebellion. It is noteworthy that on

Col. Trigg was to he hnng, hut escaped hy pre-

GEN. SCOTT'S OPINIONS .- A correspondent of

nond, replied, 'Yes, there has been some cover-

fighting; I hope there will be no more of it.' We

remarked that 'McClellan was severely consured

ments: to which the General immediately re-

Richmond. He is moving as rapid'y as is plu

olled: 'McClollan is doing well. He will take

A correspondent of the New York Express

saye the James River is obstructed by thirty ves-

sels annk in three lines or rows, and the space

Charles when on the eve of being executed.

and thirteen years old. It contains various let

nm of the world.

raneau, is resisted by the western powers, who

stunded in its development by Moslem misgov-

Gen. Buell, Cinti. Moderator, Cinti. l'eland, Cinti. The river is failing at this point with 5 feet 4 inch vater in the canal last evening. The weather was elecnd warm yesterday morning, but there was an indica on of more rain last evening The Poland, which passed up from Tennessee river of inday, discharged a quantity of cotton at this port.
The Westmoretaud, from St. Louis for Cinctunative

rday, discharged a consignment of bemp, lead, and The Moderator, from Memphis, had a tot of mixed eight for Lonieville. The floet Atlantic will leave for Padneah to-day, barng been engaged to take a number of soldiers and pris-ners to Cairo. She will be hauled out on the ways at

aducah during her absence, and will have ber bull su ried to a thorough examination. Capt. McGiti wl; tortain a party of fishermen during the trip. The Star Grey Eagle arrived from Henderson yeste

ar with a number of rebel prisoners The splendid steamer Major Anderson, Capt. Hildreth the mail and passenger packet for Cincinnati at no

The poputar Trio, Capt. W. B. Russett, with leave for tadison and Carrollton at noon to-day. Cur young lend Earbart is the clerk. The Forest Queen passed Calro for this port yester y, and will be due here this evening. She will return

mediately to Memphls. The Eugene departed for Memphia last evening The Liberty will leave the city wharf for Parkersbu The Olle Sultivan, Capt. Roberts, is advertised to

ave for Eastport, Tenne-see river, at four o'clock to this great empire must seek the ports of the world The Kenton, Capt. Ehert, will leave the city what either through the Baltic or the Bosphorns. The or Pitishurg at four o'clock this afternoon.

Per steamer Trio, from Carroliton.—149 bales in Taylor—3 carks bacon, Brown & Bro—1 mowing relicos, Wilson—51 hales hay, 19 bble whisky, Cryp Pation, & Co—50 bbls whisky, Snyder—13 doz wabbard-, Orrin & Raweon—13 bbla whisky, Straup—nacka coru, Ameling—17 packages, consignées.

JEFFERSON COUNTY COPAT, June 30-(Before Hor udge Andrew Monroe.)-lionry Hezmitler filed a peti on fortavern liceuss in "California." Casper Kramer granted license to keep a tavern o elby street plank road.

The following settled accounts baving been examin the famons "sick man;" but as the chief mart of by the Court, are approved and ordered to record: Neah Hobbs, guardian of Noah E. Hobbs; George F ly (by D. L. Beatty, odministrator), guardian of then nd Georga R Shively; Wm. Kendrick, a imiutetrat f George R. Penton: M. Pfeiffer, execulor of J. lichni chn M. Utton, guardian of Abraham T. an1 Mary

John Rapp ind license to keep a tavern at his hor of the useful arts. Its producte, instead of u this county Report of J. F. Miltor, guardian of Eliza T. Milto and Peter Zanone, filed for record.

E. W. Rutledge renewed his liceuse to keep a favor

n the Salt River road. a motion of Laura Richards, Marion Richards, an m. E. Richards, the aettiement of their guardian Commonwealth by Anu McCann vs. John Metcai tale vs. defendant to pay money into court, returnabl

inventory and appraisement of the estate of Mr. ilenry C. Pandeil is appointed suardian of George I carce, and gives hond, with Edmond Pearce scent,ty

i two weeks.

MUNICIPAL ELECTION. - There was hut mall vote cast for the municipal officers in Mem phis on Thursday last. The following officers were elected, all of whom, we helisve are Uoion mer: Mayor, John Park; Tax Collector, John H. Bowen; Collector of Privileges, John Newsom; Wharfmasler, John F. Bitlsr; Recorder P M. Dickinson; Chief of Police, P. M. Winters Aldermen-First Ward, S. Tighe and Powers Second Ward, G. D. Johnson end Wm. Chase Third Ward, B F. C. Brooks and L Wnederman Fourth Ward, B. H. Henghold and Henry Clark Fifth Ward, W. Mnlholland and Dr. Laski Europe la collision with the United States. The Sixth Ward, Il. W. Harvey and John Eagan Seventh Ward, Jas. Riggs; Eighth Ward, John

Gagar and B. Fenton. Big Train.-A train of fifty-one cars, loaded with tobecco and drawn by threa locamotives, left the depot of the Louisville, New Albany, and Chicago railroad, at New Albany, ynsterday, for Datroit. This was one of the largest and heavies trains aver run over the road. The business of the road is repidly increasing.

Headquarters U. S. Forces in Kenther X, Loursville, Ky., June 27, 2002.

All soldiers of the United States, within this

Three notorious hurglars, John Regan, John Williams, and John Connors were arrested in St Louis on Shturday night. They had committee depredations in St. Louis, and a large sum of counterfeit money, including three hundred dol unadulterated forms—the one to simple monarchy, lars in tens and fives on the Bank of Lonisville were found in their possession.

We learn from a despatch from Calro, tha few days since, three rebels ware discovered the act of kindling a fire under a bridge across the mission, and destinod to a great career. There Obion river, over which the Mississippi and Ohio are no two nations capable of heing so helpful to Railroad passes, and were unceremoniously hung each other, end of contributing so much to each to the first telegraph post.

other's security and progress. If France and England shoald intermeddle injuriously in our The Memphis Reveille of the 27th ult, says affairs, their interference would probably mark the estimate of persons who have taken the oath the opening of a new era in the political agailibrit of allegiance in that city is placed as high as three honsand. Don't tall us, hereafter, thet there were during the rebellion but five hundred Union A BIBLIOGRAPHIC CURIOSITY.—The Biston men in Memphis. Transcript has in temporary possession a very an-

cient and scarce yolnme which fall into the hands ADJUTANT GENERAL OF OHIO .- In the tempo rary absence of Adjutant-Ganeral Hill, Governo Ted has appointed his military secretary, Garist as a present to a friend who appreciates such sca J. Young, Esq , Acting Acjutant-General

C. E. Kingston, of company E, 3d Knntnck Federal regiment, and E. G. Manning, of the

5th Tenoessee rehel regiment, died at St. Lon-Fort Erie, Carro Coido, Chapnltepec, are Monmouth, were Sunday battles in which the

attacking party was victorious. LORD BROUGHAM REDUKED. - Lord Broughem who now passes most of his time at Nice, came to London recently to prsside over the delibera tions of the 'S cial Science Association," and took occasion in his opening eddress to denoucce this Government, for which he was dealt with hy the London "Star and Dial" in a spirit that shows how well we ere understood and appreciated, and

how boldly defended, by at least one Lordon

It is really high time that the absurd m

conceptions of character to which L. rd Broughar the other night gave offensively uncalled for u-terance should be corrected out of existence. A no time would it heven becoming in an Eo lish statesmen—least of ell in one illastrious es representative of Liherel movements—to ha representative of Liherel movements—to have indulged in the expression of coarsely anti-American prejudices. Least of all was it decent so to do when the eudience were assembled to hear a discense on the progress of total amelioration, and when the American people are engaged at once in a atruggle for their political existence and in the accomplishment of the greatest of social reforms. If Lord Brengham had not given himself up to that last state of intellectual perversity which is weres than the first—if he had not in his old age abandoned himself to the deminion of those follies which in venth are o the deminion of those follies which in youth ar xcusable as the product of a bad education un corrected by experience—it would be easy to con rince him, from the platform of social science now groesly ur jost and untrue are his reflection upon the United States. Why, that which is from the Onter States. Why, that which is concluded in the Northern States of America an accomplished fact. As the eye run your the topics of his lordship's discursive oration—as the mind accepts, in almost bepalese succession, the ideas of reform in nearly every department of one law—one does but see is low man. ment of our law,—one does but see in how many espects oar kinsmen ere in advance of oursetves. It has tesked the energies of Lynd Brougham simself, through a life of remarkable length hiuself, through a life of remarkable length and activity, to promote the education of the people, the amendment of jurispruleace, the reformatory disciplice of prisoners, the removal of religious disabilities, and the employment of women. He is a living example—and will be a historical monnment—of the slowness with which the ploughshare of progress breeks up the etiff, dull clods of ignorance and prejudice. His biography will present a long record of teforms steadfastly constructed by the ruling classes of the country, but as steedfastly sustained by the intelligence and right feeling of the multitude. But already it is written, in the history of that parellel eighty years which dates from that parellel eighty years which dates from American indpeadence, how promp'ly the liber-ated communities of the New World set themselvas to provide for all their members the three grnat necessaries of trne civilization—pol reedom, remunerative labor, and educati

was established to promote that has not bee rankized by the free action of the Amercan peu INQUEST No. 375-Held over the body of Williem Summers, aged ab ut 30 years, a native of Eogland, and a sign painter by trade, leeving a family on the corner of Fifteeath end Market streets. Verdict—"Came to his death by drowning in the pond at the corner of Twentieth and Market streets, at his own instance, between 10 and 11 o'clock on the morning of the 30th inet., while lahoring under mania a pota."

J. M. BUCHANAN, Corocer.

nowledge and morality. There is not one of the

INQUEST No 376-Held on the 30th jast., nyer the body of Robert M. Maury, agad 17 years, at the resideace of his parents, eight miles below the city. Verdict—"Come to his death hatween one operate in the reduction of the city.

City. Verlict—"Come to his death natwood one and two o'clock on the efternoon of the 29th and two o'clock on the efternoon of the 29th isst, from accidatal drowning while bathing in the river near the ladians there."

TEA—

So half cheets G. P. and Black;
for accidatal drowning while bathing in the river near the ladians there."

CASTLEMAN, MURRELL, & CO.

MARRIED.

Notices of the Day.

Union Flags for the Fourth of July, all sizes, at wholesale and retail. Orders for any amount promptly filled and sold lower than J. SUES'. ever at Willow Baskets, the largest and heat asortmeat, st J. SUES'. Call at the Phonix at 101/2 to-day.

DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING AT AUCTION.—On this morning Messrs. S. G. Henry & Co. will sell for cash a large lot of dry goods, piece goods, and clothiag-10 o'clock, dry goods; 11 o'clock, clothng. Previous to the sala of dry goods will be sold four tierces of hams.

Business Change. - The late firm of Chas. Bremaker & Co., hes been changed to the style of Moore, Bremaker, & Co., Mr. John T. Moore, reently connected with the house of Allen, Moore, & Haden, having been associated with the new concern, at No. 722, north side of Main street helow Seventh. In addition to a new and splendid stock of groceries, liquors, &c., embracing a arge consignment of New Orloans angar, the new establishment will do a general commission ousiness. Io point of experience the members of this firm are second to no houss in the city.

At the request of Professor Bliss, the young adies, members of the Fomale High School during the rast session, will meet at the school huilding, coroer of Centre and Walnut street, on Tueslay evening, the lat inst., at 6 o'clock P. M.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS - ATROPHY.—Discary iog the effole theory adopted by the modern physician in the treatment of the gradual decay or wasting of the human hody, Holloway's medicines seize on the direct cause of the disease—the blood. They purify and enrich it, they stimulate and invigorate the archumated system by chimical ide to expense. rate the exhausted eystem, by giving life to each tissue, strength to the muscle, energy to the in-valid, elasticity to the spirits, end the bloom of braith to the pullid cheek. Sold by all druggists 25 cents, 62 cents, and \$1 per hex.

Business Notices.

When the throat end lungs are overloaded with 'llegm or inuca, how can you expect to be free rom cough or difficulty of branthing? Thore-pro, immediately apply to that most potent ram-dy for all pulmonnry diseases, Jayne's Expec-orant, and you will find the most beneficial reults from its use.
Sold by R. A. Robinson & Co., Louisville, and

y druggists generally. ju3 Fu, Th, & Sat jn3,5,7—Tu, Th, & Fri jy1,3,4 KT-Fifty kegs Sands's Chleago Cream Ale, for family 1138, received to-day. We furnish a fine braes faucet in each keg, saving the customer the trouble of putting it on draught? For ladies ic delicate health this ale has no equal. CLARK & KUMP, Agents.

i30 d3 Foarth st., bet. Main and the River. TRADE FOLLOWS THE FLAG -In coonection vith their large establishment in this city, Messrs Green & Green havs opened a complete stock of hats, caps, and military trimmings, in the camps at Corinth and Comberland Gap. The great demand for their goods in the ermy has rendered this occessary. j30 d5

Fast Driving, Cverloading of Drays, &c Owners and drivers of drays and other vehicles of burden are hereby notified that the ordinances regulating loads, and prohibiting any gate faster than a walk, will herafter by strictly enforced. CHARLES L. STANCLIFF, Chief of Pulico. je30 č6

Persons owning hogs are hereby notified that the ordinance prohibiting the same from running at large will hareafter be coforced.

CHARLES L SPANCLIFF. Chief of Police. Coffeeheuses. Persons having coffeehouse license are hereby

olified that the law requiring them to close their onses at 11 o'clock at night, end in ro case t opon them on Sunday, will hereaf er be anforced. CHARLES L. STANCLIFF, "NOTICE."

District, who, having been taken prisoners, have been paroled by the enemy, are bereby ordered to report to Major Granger, commanding U.S. Bar-racks, at Louisvilla, Ky., who will take charge of By command of Brigadier-Goneral Boyle, j28 drjy5 JOHN BOYLE, A. A. G. j28 dijy5

The Grovar & Biker Sewing Machine Com cany now offer a complete assertment of their Celebrated Noiseless Grover & Baker Stitch Machine: elso new Lock Stitch Muchine at our store No. 5 Masenic Temple, on Fourth, between Jefferson and Green, where customers CAR examine, prove, and choose between the gival stitches with the privilege of exchanging. No other establishment offers there inducements. P S -All kirds of ati ching neatly done at the

offica. j26 dtf To PLASTERELS -The attention of plasterers is invited to the advertisement of the managers of the Hopkinsville Lanatic Asylum.

Chine, glass, acd queeasware, gas fixtures, silver plated ware, table cutlery, waiters, and ritannia ware, a new and very luge as ortment, nava just arrived at Gay's China Pelace, Fourth j25 d6 and Green. Coel oil that will burn longar and stand a higher temperatura of heat than any other sold in the city for sale at Gay's China Palace, Fourth je25 dłm and Green.

CLIFFOND & Co .- General Grocery, Produce, Forwarding and Commission Merchants, Louis ville, Ky .- From our thorough knowledge and long experience in the above husiness, we feel confident that we can give satisfaction. We shall sell for cash only. All who favor ue with consignments, can rely upon prompt returns. Congnments and orders solicted.

Liberal cash advances made on consignments. CLIFFORD & t'o, 226 Main street, Lonisville, Kentncky.

H. B. CLIFFORP, Memphis, Tenn. N. B -- Refer to all old shippers.

KEEP IT BEFORE THE PEOPLE that the Louis ille Gold Pea Manufactory is the place to buy fine Pens, Holders, Cases, &c. Everybody can go a pen to suit them there. Gold Pens Reprinted for 50c. Pens can be sent by mail. Office on Main street, below Fourth. N B .- Stencil Brands cut as nenal. j19 dtf R. C. HILL (late Barne & Hill).

For all kinds of lumber, dressed and unressed, sash, doors, blinds, monldings, boxes, &c., call at Alexander, Ellis, & Co.'s planing mill, eash, door, and hlind factory and Inmher yard, on Fulton atreat, just above Preston, fronting the river, or at their lumber yard, corner of Walnut and Preston strests, or leave your orders at their warerooms on Main street, nearly oppo site the Galt Honse, Louisville, Ky. jan1 dtf

Something Worthy of Patronage -Raymord & Tyler, No. 74 Fourth street, near Main, are mar ufacturing a superior kind of paste blacking, which polishes with less labor, and gives a more ceautiful and lasting gloss than any other blacking now in nee. Give it a trial by all moans. je16 deod&weow

PINK, BLUE, AND MULBERRY FLOWERS. Ruches, Laces, and Colored Trimming Ribbons; various etyles of Misses' and Ladies' Hats; Bon net Frames, and Sheker Hoods, at OTIS & CO.'S,

j10 dtf 516 Main st., bet. Fifth and Sixth.

G. B. TABB, corner of Fourth and Marke treets, has just received by express a general assort

dyles. He has also in store a targo slock of Domest

ment of Dress Goods, ambracing a variety

Goods, which be will offer very low for OABH ONLY

Baby Buggies.

Corner Fenrth and Market stree's.

On the 28th inst., JOHN WILLIAM, infant son of T. and Belie S. Sbreve. is mon be and 2 weeks. The funeral will take place from the realdence of hic fathor, on Fourth atreet, at five o'clock Thesday niter-

Rick-5 tierces prime Carolina for sale by CASTI EMAN, MURRELL, & CO. 200 BAGS RIO COFFEE for sale by GLAZEBROOK, BRO., &

**AMUSEMENTS** 

LOUISVILLE THEATRE. IMMENSE BILL-GREAT LENGER STORY. His EVENING (Tuesday), July I, the performances will enumence with the great Drama entitled the GUNMAKER OF MOSCOW-Raric Nevil. the GUNMAKER OF MOSCOW-Raric Nevil. the Gunusaker of Moscow, Mr. B. Macanley... Song by Miss Noverrs.... To cope ud with the Farce of SIX FEZF THREY, or BIGHTANY DISORGINE.

"To-merrow evening the young and beautiful Actre MISS FLORENCE LAFONDE will appear. Notice. Great preparation is being made for Friday Private Educate, by Dress Circle so ets; Becond Tie 50 cts; Gallery 10 cts.

Doors open at 7% and Cortain rises at 2% relock.

For particulars, see small bills. Grand Picnic!

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH THE PICNIC TO BE GIVEN ON THE FOURTH OF JULY in THOMPSON'S WOODS, this side of the Fair Grounds, promises to be a grand affair. The Committee of Arrangements bave made ampte provision for everything conductive to innocent enjoyment, and the Ladies of the Congression will turnish all kinds of Keirceliments and the delicacles of the season. The Cara will leave the Frankfirt Dept at 8 o'clock A. M. and every half hour through the cay.

1776. 🖄 1862. PROGRAMME.

Celebration of the 4th of July, 1862, At the Fair Grounds, NEAR LOUISVILLE, RY.

Trains will commence running from the Depot, corner Brook and Jelleron streets, at 736 o'clock A. M., leaving every 15 minutes doing the day. Music by Saxton's celebrated Cornet Band will open the
TheDeclaration of Independence will be read at 100'clock.
Music.
Drill of the 13th Indiana Battery, Capt. Nicklin.
Music.
Frezentation of Flog to 13th Indiana Battery.
Music.
Oration of the Day.
Music.
Oration of the Day.

lay reached 1,200.

The olject of the movement was to hring Porter's and other divisions late more close connection with the rest of the army—in fact, changing the front of the whole of our forces, with our contre and left pressing immediately on Richmon cloself, which would be d ne, it was expected, or of a long line of defance, heretofora extending just up to Mechanicsville, in ordar to have the whole force within effective distance; also, it allow the rehels to follow niup, and, if possible to hag them. McClellan ordered Porter to with draw to two inless this side of Gaines's Mills, early on Friday morning, which was done the personnel. Grand National Salute of 86 gune at 11 o'clock.
Music. Music, one hundred Young Ladier will sing the Star-Spangled Banner and the Red, White, and Bluo.

Music.
Address of Parson Baownlow.
During the enthe day a fine String Band will be in attendance at the dancing-floor laid down expready for the occarion, and those fond of dancing may enjoy the leasure without additional expense.
Pole Climbiog, Sa.k-Ennuing, &c., during the after-The Committee and Managers take pleasure in giving the above list of exercises on Independence Day to the public, and hope that all will enjoy the festivities to the ulmost extent. A aufficient Police force is ragged to keep order. Ampte arrangements for Refreshments are made, as Kentucky hospitality is proverblal. A visit on masse from the neighboring States is expected, especially as all railroads leading to our city will run usur fame exercised in a second of the control of the

FIRE-WORKS A grand display of FIRE-WORKS, noder a skiffur Pyrtcebnist, will take place in the Inclosure corner of Sat and Walnut streets, on the evening of July 4. Admission 25 cents. Received scats 50 cents, j27 dtd

AUCTION SALES.

CATALOGUE SALE BYL. KAHN & CO.,

No. 404 Main Street. On WEDNESDAY MORNING, July 2, commencing at 10 o'clock, we will rell a very sup-rior stock of DRY GOODS, con leting in a large assortment of heet brands Catico, 250 perces blesched Sbirting, 35 pieces heavy Cottonade, 35 pieces heaving a large into of Sirpendera, 375 dozen Hose and Haif Hose, with a hill slock of white, lainey, and Marsoillea Shirte, together with a line lot of Notions. At 111/4 A.M., 175 cases BOOTS and SHOES; best quat-by Men's Call Boots and Brogans; Women's Kid, Calf, id treat Shoes and Galiere; Boys' Kip and Calf Boota ad Shoes, &c.

BryGoods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes. AT10 A. M., will be offered, without reserve, 100 lots STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS, 1100P SKIRTS, UNDERWEAR, &c. SKIRTS, UNDERWEAR, dc.

At 11 A. M., precledy, special cale of FINE CLOTHING, when will be seld 200 lole fashur ahle ReadyMade Cothing, embracing lines of Lunen Dusters: Linsm. Marselllee, bue black Cloth, tilk mixed Cassimere,
and tancy Cassimere Panle; tine black Docekin Panle;
finest quality black Swin, Grenadaue, and Silk Vets.

Terms cash (bankable lunds) T. ANDERSON & CO.,

To the Ladies of Louisville. Splendid Steck of Ladies' Fine Dress Goods, Trimmings, Robes, &c., BY WRIGHT, KEICHUM, & CO.,

SPECIAL AUCTION SALE.

At their Store, south side Main, bst. Fifth and Slath On SATURDAY, July 5, 1864. neing at 10 o'clock A. M., WHEN will be said, without reserve—
50 splendid Embrodered Evening Presses;
100 per line Jaconste, Organdica and Lawn:
A fine as orthwrit of Rereges and Tissues;
Stella, Canton Crape, and Stik Shawie;
Extra quality Balmoral Skirls
A large as orthwen of Drees Trimailngs;
have reservance.

fans in great variety. Bajon's Kid Gloves, extra quality, In colora and Also a greet variety of Small Wares adapted for fam-

THOS. ANDERSON & CO., By C. C. Sponcor. DRY GOODS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, LACES.

AND EMBROIDERIES AT AUCTION. AND EMBROIDERIES AT AUCTION.

ON WEDNESDAY MORNING, July 2, at 10°clock, at 10 uction-rooms, No. 520 Main street, will be sold a seject stock of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, consising in part of Cloths and Cas incres, fine Cotton orand Silk worked Hosiery, Chatiles, Toll Du Nord, Berges, Organdies, Lawis, Rober, Baimoral Skirts, Hoop Skirts, Lace Veitz, Linen Cambric Handkerchiefe, Suependers, Bilk Mitts and Glove; Thread Laces and Mitts and Glove; Thread Laces and Mitts in Silk and Bugle, Fanc, Sun Sbades, Parasols, Table (16ths, Neck-Tlee, &c.; also a fresh and fa-throable tock of Lace Mantillas; together with a variety of other articles received since my last week's sale; to all which the special attention of city and country merchants is called. The sale will be, as briefofore, wholly without reserve. C. C. SPENCER,

By S. G. Henry & Oo. Large Two Days' Sale of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, and Shoes.

ON TUESDAY, DRY GOODS and PIECE OOODS consisting of Salinets, Cassimeres, Lineus, &c. At 11 o'ctock, a fresh lot of SUMMER CLOTHING, consisting in part of Men's and Boya' super Aleaca Luster, Lineu, and Marseillea Pants, Poats, and Veste, also many other Goods in the Clothing line. S. G. HENRY & CO.

By O. O. Sponcer. MOLASSES, WHITE FISH, STAR CANDLES, KIL LICKINICK SMOKING TOBACCO, HAVANA CI GARS, BROWN'S ESSENCE OF COFFEE, HOMI NY, VINEGAR, INK BLACKING, FANCY SOAL BOURBON AND RYE WHISKY, AND HARD AT AUCTION.

On TUESDAY MORNING, July i, at 10 o'clock at Auction-rooms, No. 520 Main street, will be sold a varied stock of the slave Groceries and Liquors; which will be added a retail stock of Groceries, and, for account o' whom it may concern, a targe lot of Hard Market and Market an

Special Notices.

THE SAFEST AND BEST nation that can be used upon the Hair for impart CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYD. corrrects the had effects of other dyes, nourishes t

Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, 6 Aster Hone Price \$1, \$1 50, and \$3 per box, according to size Cristadoro's Hair Preservative is invalnable with bir Dye, as it imparts the utmosoftness, the most beautiful giess, and great vitality t

LUPENETRABLE SECRET.

ment.

A letter in the come paper from Chattanooga the 16 b says: "We have direct news this morning that the enemy is falling back hefore our advancing column, from Lowell's Valley to Big Crack Gap. While this is using an Mitchel is moving in our rear. In the vicinity of Lattle Creek, weiting to fall on his pray.

The Granda Appaal of the 25th rays General Van Dorn advised all the familles of Vicksburg to move eight miles back from the river. He intands to defend the department to the last extermity. It also segre on Saturday last the the Hair.
Price 50 cents, \$i, and \$2 per bottle, according to size ji7 deod&weowim RKGULAR PACKET—U.S. MAIL MORNING LIN Connecting at Cincinnati with early Kastern trains For Gincinnati. The mannificent passenger steamers
GEN. ANDERSON, HILDERYA, master,
One of the above steamers will leave for the above
port daily at 12 o'clock, M.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
JOSEPH CAMPION, Agent.
Office at the Wharf-boat, foot of Third st. remity. It also sever On Saturday lest the Gederal morter feet, in tow of lug-brate was reported at Graad Gulf. To the seme day the guncouts at lucks'urg opened a risk for on tha batported at Graad Cult. I this see Subject at Vicks'urg opened a risk fir on the batteries, and commass ever as hon without soing any injury. Speaking of affairs in Arbansas, the Appeal says that the ran'd movements of Geo. Hindman of forces have a most rid the State

TOTTON YARNS, &c.—

30 hags aworted Nos. 5, 6, and 70°;
25 halos Candlo-Wick;
30 bales Cotton Twins;
eccived this day and for sale by
TERRY & CO. 50 PAGS COTION YARNS, assorted sizes;
25 gross Bonnet Boards;
In stora and for sale by
j24 WELLER & PARKER, 316 Main st.

N. Sugar-e inds strictly prime New Orloans Sugar received this day and for sale by j35 GARDNER & CO. In this city, at the residence of the hride's father, Mr.

J. D. Orrell, on the 26th of June, by the Rev. Hugh J.

Brady, Mr. Thomas G. O'Reilly to Miss Lorinda Olive

Miss Lorinda Olive

Miss Lorinda Olive

Miss Lorinda Olive

OREFLE.

OREFLE.

GLAZEBROOK, BRO., &

J35

NAILS—240 kogs Nails, assorted sizes, received this GARDNER & CO.

Nails, assorted sizes, received this GARDNER & CO.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Moraing Despatches. The Great Battle Before Rich-

Against Vlcksburg.

Election in Memphis --- A Union

Man Elected Mayor.

Congressional Proceedings, &c., &c.

OFFICIAL WAR BULLETIN.

The Government has no accurate information

the state of affirs on the peninsula, hy reason the interruption of telegraphic communication, othing has been heard to warrant the belish

The New York Herald's report, dated June 27 tates that our killed, wonneed, and missing that

newed it with greater ferceity, having been reinforced. Our men stood the unequal contest like heroes, and did fearful execution. Our forces were increased by Generals Slocum's, Palmer's Finch's, and Bleagher's brigades, and the rebsls were badly beaten Magagher's men went into the battls with coats off and sleeves rolled up, fighting like tigers. The ground which Gen. McClellaa crdered Gen. Porters to come and badd was excepted each badd.

or to occupy and hold was occupied and held in the first part of the day. Gen. Porter's corp-poly contended against the rebels, but subse-

nently reinforcements swelled the namber to

45,000. The rebell had 60,000 men, under Generals Lee, Hill, Anderson, and Branch. Among the killed are Col. Grove, 224 Massachusetts, and

The following is the conclusion of the Balti-more American's account of affairs before Ricb-

Since closing my letter from the White House I find myself is Wastington City and in passes-sion of most reliable information from the White House and other points on the Peninsula, nearly a day later than that coatained in my last.

PHILADELPHIA, Juoe 30.

WASHINGTON, June 30.

Col. Roberts, 1st Michiga

ves fired and entirely consumed.

nense convoy of vessele and ste mers on their

way to the new base of operations on James river.

They will doubtless move down immediately to cortress Monroe and await the instructions

nto his baads with but a slight stroggla.

their reliability.

oine five iniles to a lof y emicance, where a larg

uld make a desperate attack in front.

of Curtie's army, as that they succeeded in driving him back to a position within a short die-

anca of the Mis"o"ri

hat wera cast.

antity of chercoal was being used to heat shot

NEW YORK, Jnne 30.

CAIRO, June 30.

MEMERICA, June 28.

hat any sarious disaster has occurred.

av reached 1.200.

WASHINGTON, June 30-M.

NEW YORK, Jone 30.

The resolution providing that contracts made by the Departments be published weekly in the newspapers was taken up and passed. The reso-utions relating to the compensation of Seontormond---Further Particulars. ppointed to fill vacaocies was then taken up an Oa motion of Mr. Morrill, the bill making fur Rebel Force Engaged 69,000, Led by

ther provisions in relation to salvage was then taken np. The hill provides that vessels and goods belonging to loyal citizens of the United States which have been condemned by the rehels, when retaken by the United States, shall be delivered to the owners without salvage, Mr. Grimes (pposed the bill, as having the effect to take away salvage from sailors in many cases. Lee, Hill, Anderson, and Branch. Beauregard Reported at Richmond with his Corinthian Army.

many cases.
After further discussion thabili passed. The till granting a pansion to the widow of Gen. C. F. Smith was passed.

A bill was reported presenting an additional cath to the officers of the Government, which The Latest Southern Intelligence. was agreed to.

The bill establishing arsenals was taken np. Farragut and Davis to Operate

XXXVIITH CONGRESS-FIRST SESSION.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Jnoe 30.

HOUSE. Mr. Hickman asked that the Judiciary Com-

Dir. Rickman asked that the Indiciary Committees be discharged from the consideration of an article in the New York Tribnne with reference to a select committee, which was agreed to. [The reason assigned for this request was that the Juliciary had not time to attend to an examination of the matter]

The House then resumed the consideration of

the bill for the construction of a ship canal for the passage of areaed neval vessels from the Mis-sissippi river to Lonte, Michigao. WASHINGTON, June 30.

Members of Congress are constantly receiving letters asking for copies of the tax bill, but several days will elepe before they are printed. As many questions are asked as to how the appointment of collectors and assessors under the tax bill will be made. From what case he learned it is understood that the President will adopt the principle pursued in the case of postmasters in the cities and large towns generally, but not in every instance on the recommendation of memvery instance on the recommendation of men bers of Congress.

NASHVILLE, June 30.

Dr. Cheatham, Superintendent of the State unstic Asylum, was eent to the Penitentiary tolay for tresson, as was also tha Rev. C. D.

Fourteen hundred Federal prisoners, taken at Shiloh and paroled, wera seat homa to-day. Large quautities of cotton hava been recsived. NEW YORK, June 30. The eteamer Northern Light arrived from Asnwall this evening with \$40,000 i

draw to two unless this side of Gaines's Mills, early on Friday merning, which was done, the enemy following np, thinking they had gained a victory over our troops, who were slowly moving back in order, fighting as they went, crossed the Chickahomiay, and reached the position designated for their eccupation. The ribels followed in great force, and hy 3 o'clock there was a general and heavy angagement here, iasting till 7 o'clock, whea a lull took place; but this rebels again renewed it with greater ferocity, having been reinforced. Our men stood the unequal contest like and fifty passengers. The naws from the lathmus CAVALRY HORSES WANTED .- Coll at Batman's stable, corner of Second and Jefferson streets. See Capt. Heady's advartisement. j25 dtf

"Secession without Excuse."-Under this aption the Nashville Union has some plain talk with its immediate neighbors, which it would be well for disloyal Kentuckisos to hear and consider,

It says:

While Tennessee was held by the rabel troops While Tennessee was held by the rabel troops, there was at least a sort of pretext, however flimsy it may have been, for siding with the rebellion. There was a point to rally npon, an excuse for organization, a purpose to accomplish. This point and this purpose was the establishment of another government in lien of the Federal Uuion. But now that nsurping psandog government has been expelled by the national forcas from the cipital and driven from the State. Isbam Harris and Jeff Davis cannot hold a court, levy taxes, convene legislatures, or even protect. t \$1 49. ievy tsxes, convene legislatures, or even protect the public records and property. The Confederate anthority as a government is dead. Its only exhibitions of vitality are mede in raids, in only exhibitions of virtuality are mode in raids, in forays, and in guerilla expeditions. It is no more a regular government, with revenues, records, council and finances, than a pack of this ves are an organized legal community.

Why, then, should any good citizen, however devoted to secessionism, continue to support its cense when it is virtually dead? No man in his wits restrict and the second section of the sec wits ever expects to sea the robels drive out the Federal troops from this State. No man of sense helioves that Harris cas aver roturn to Nashville. was not broken until near 1 o'clock Saturday, and then the wires were cut at a stetion cleven miles out. Tunstall's Station, four miles out, was in incendiary and destructive work. He may eid in

then the wires were cut at a stetion eleven miles out. Tunstall's Station, four miles out, was in our pessession until 4 o'clock in the afternoon, at The most of these Goods have been received since is at raic, are fresh and very desirable, and, as every lot will be nold without reserve, we invite the trade generally to attend sale.

Terms cash.

L. KAHRACO.
Antetioneers.

SPECIAL SALE

BY THOS. ANDERSON & CO.

On Thursday, 3d July, at 10 A. M., or

At 10 A. M., or

At 10 A. M., or

BryGoods, Clothing, Boots and Shocs.

BryGoods, Clothing, Boots and Shocs.

Specially not miles out, was in der possession until 4 o'clock in the afternoon, at which hour the operator at the White House in the Afternoon, at which hour the operator at the White House in the other at the white House in the State in specie \$16,310, increase in shooting women and children; he may help to rob above on the season and shooting women and children; he may help to rob above on the season and shooting women and children; he may help to rob above on the season of tome Union mer; but all these villunies may haperpetrated and still the nation be unshaken. Il-neeforward a rebell in this State may be a bouting women and children; he may help to rob above on the crease of the crease in specie \$216,310, increase in decrease in specie \$216,310, increase in which hour the operator at the White House is above on the season and still the nation be unshaken. Il-neeforward a rebell in this State may be a public robber or a manderer, or may all those who commit these crimes, but he can be public robber or a minderer, or may all those who commit these crimes, but he can all those who commit these crimes, but he can all these who commit the can be pread suffering ed sorrow abroad in speciely, but he decrease in speciel \$16,310, increase in decrease in speciel \$16,310, increase in decrease in speciel \$216,310, increase in which hour the original thread the season of the crimes—the seaso jec' worthy an honest or national man's pursui shy millions of property here a few days ago, schaps not five thousand dollars worth was a distracting a political fabric which they cannot destroy? Surely this is wanton wickedness, ut desired and entirely consumed.

The enemy made his appearance in considerale force at the White H use at about reven
clock Salurday avening, and although he neither
bund bread for maa or hay for beast, he was wel
bund bread for maa or hay for beast, he was welmed with heavy showers of grape shot from the unboats, which were ranged along in front of the those whose interests and rights you profess to respect. It is ungrateful, for it is robbing and The rebels were supposed to be 30,000 strong.

The cavalry at the White House guarded the departure of the last wagoas and horses which parture of the Federal evacuation and joined cidal, and homic dal, for it leads to the murder not cidal, and homic dal, for it leads to the murder not cidal, and homic dal, for it leads to the murder not cidal, and homic dal, for it leads to the murder not cidal, and homic dal, for it leads to the murder not cidal, and homic dal, for it leads to the murder not cidal, and homic dal, for it leads to the murder not cidal, and homic dal, for it leads to the murder not cidal, and homic dal, for it leads to the murder not cidal, and homic dal, for it leads to the murder not cidal, and homic dal, for it leads to the murder not cidal, and homic dal, for it is static in the day-time. It is particled, for it is static in the day-time. It is particled, for it is static in the day-time. It is particled, for it is static in the day-time. It is particled, for it is static in the day-time. It is particled, for it is static in the day-time. It is particled, for it is off, and securing their entire safety, Goa. Stonemen, with the ontire force, moved off in a direction that I am not at liberty to state. Gea. Cassy eports that ha lost not a man, nor did he leeva a value behind, not even a contraband.

At 10 o'clock on Saturday

poodent of the Mobile Register, writing from Maridian, Mississippl, under date of the 10th inst., notices the arrival at that place of General John At 10 o'clock on Saturday morning Col. lugalls and Capt. Saatelle were before York own with an C. Breckinridge. During the day Cal. Colort'e regraent "mode a call" on General Breckinridge at the Meridian House. The corre-pondent says:

Beiag informed by a gentlaman present that the assemblage was in compliment to him, be appeared in the front plazza, when repeated calls and cheers from the coldiers and citizens made it incombant on him to say constitute as the Fortress Monroe and await the instructions of Gen. McClellan. A number are already up the James rivar noder the protection of the gunbosts. Since an early hour Saturday morning Gen. McClellan has been deprived of a telegraphic communication with Wasbington. He abandoned its use several hours before it was cut, doubtless being fearful that the enemy might, by placing a magnet on the wires, read his orders. Diract communication with Gen McClellan is now being opened by the gusboa's up the mouth of the incumbent on him to say something, es the as-semblage oppeared determined to hear from him. Gen. Breckinridge prefaced his remerks by pro-Gon. Breckinridge prefaced his remerks by pro-testing against making a regular speech—said he was not accustemed of late to so doing, and de-precated such things—that this was the time for action, not epacches; that no one need think there was anything to hope from the Lincoln Govern-ment; that this struggle had proved to us that the anemy neither respected egg, female lovelinsss or infantile weaknes, when in their power; that our only hope was in our strong arms, and a detarmi-nation never to be conquered; that history showed penad by the gubba's up the mouth of the The correspondent of the Baltimora American prives at the following conclusion: The object of Gen. McClellan was to shandon the White House nation never to be conquered; that history showed no ne ion of people who resisted their oppressers with boldness, datermination and bravery, no matter what the numerical superiority of the inveds

and draw in the right wing of his army across the Chickaboniny. All this he has accomplished with but little loss in comparison with the punishment histowed on the enemy. Gen. McClellan has elso strengthened Lis position by contracting but what thay finally succeeded and eventually a lines and changing his base of operations to be James river, where he will have the co-operadefeated them.

His own Sinte had not acted well, but it was an error of judgment—not of the heart. She hoped to be able to stay the fratricidal hand, and act as mediator, but before the was aware of it, terrupt his snpply-vessels by making a dash on James river, they will meet with prompt punish-ment from the gunboets, and so weaken their forces in front of Richmond that the city will fall was batrayed by some of her own sons. To Mississippians he would say, without disparaging the bravery of the volunteers of other

States, that he had the honor of comma them at Shiloh, and that so braver men fough there; that in one instance it was important formidsble battery should be taken from the eas-my, he told his Mississippian seldiers so, and they at once charged it with their haynness, with not a load of nowdar, or hall is their as'e army say that during the retreat of the ght wing McClellen advanced the left wing load of powdar or hall in their possession, en distance of the city.

It is also rumored that Bnrnside landed in the reor of Fort Darling, and all his available troops were ready to attack it.

An officer gives a report that R'chmond is already on fire from hot snot.

These reports are given without vonching for their reliability.

These reports are given without vonching for most certainly he the South would join, it would most certainly he the South most certainly be the South.

His remarks were slequent in their conception and delivery, and were listened to with profound NEW YORK, June 30. The West Point (Va.) correspondent of the Post, under date of the 27th, states that it was reported there that our pickets were driven in on the evening of the 26th at the White llouse, end the evening of the 26th at the White llouse, end each one shook him by the hand. ng had all been sent to West Point Tom the White Hoase.

A rebel mail-carrier captured statas that Beauegard had arrived at Richmond with the main

line of tha Charleston read are kept in tarror by recent raids in that vicinity. A highly respectable citizen, who lives about fiftee miles from town, and formelly one of our leading merchants, informs as that oa Wednesday Jackton's cavalry ortion of his army, and 30,000 men had been seat o roinforce Jackson, and the latter could at once track the right flink of our army, white Len made its appearence in force along the Memphis end Charleston railroad, und for the avowed ofject of burning the cotton and punishing all who hed filled to conduct themselves to their liking. The cavalry force under Jackson was The Forest Queea, from Memphis, has arrived with 650 bales cotton. The news from the flotilia a highly interesting. Our gunboats and rams passed the mouth of the Yazco river and proliking. The cavalry force under Jackson was lerge, and seemed to he bound for District No. 9, a district in which there was considerable cotten, none of which the Confederates had had time to burn before the eccupation of Memphis. This District is renched by the Macon read, and is said to contain about fifteen hundred bales of cotton. This, or at least the larger portion of it, was destroyed by the Confederates on Wadness. eeded withis four miles of Vickshing, from which ceeded withis four miles of vicesing, from which point seven men went by lend on the Loaisiata side and communicated with Farragut's fleet. Commodore Farragut hes since sent a despatch to Capt. Davis, which resched Memphis oa Saturday morning. Capt. Davis immediately started down the river with the Benton, and other hoats was destroyed by the Confederates on Wedner day. Two persons who were up there having cotton were arrested and taken off as prisoaers Two other merchants of Memphis, who were el The Grenada Appeal of the 23d lastos that the Federal fleet, numbering 20 gual-oats and mortars, opened fire early that meening oa the lower hatteries at Wicksburg. The result is not nt there, were arrested and taken South. hreatened to take es prisoners and to destroy all the property of sil porsons who, on any pretext should come to Memphis. Thay also stated that their intention is and will be to destroy the rail-road and telagraph every time they are repaired, and to prevent the working of either. Van Dorn is in command there, having super-ceded Lovell in the command of the Depart-

Memphis Avalanche, 27. DECISIONS OF THE COURT OF APPEALS. FRANKFORT, June 30. CAUSES DECIDED.

ORDERS.

Z. Gibbons, Esq., of Lexington, was admitted an attorney in this court.

Todd's administrator vs Todd'a heirs, Madison; time extended till the 30th day of term to file petition for rehearing.

extended till the 30th day of term to me period to the hearing.
Young vs Irwin et al. Hardln; croes appeal granted.
Dilto's executor vs Sbank, Hardia;
Pereifull vs Mnihalbali, Hardln;
Gatewood vs Galewood et al. Spencer; contlined.
True et al vs Triplett, Mason;
Mannen vs Bradford & Co., Mason;
Field by, &c., vs Wirginton, Hardin;
Sh-an et al vs Wither's theirs, Hardin;
Miller vs Reynolds, Fayelle; were submitted on briefs,
Soward et al vs Soward et al, Fleming; argued by
Scott for apellees and argument contlaued by Taytor
for appellees.

When our latormant laft they were still retreatlag.
At the election in this city on Tharsdey Joha
Park, Union candidate, recoived 724 votes—all WHITE FISH-50 half bla No. 1 White Fish received direct from the Lakes and for rate by FERRY & CO., 518 Main st. The Avalanche has been notified by the Provost Marshal that the editoriel published ysaterday is exceedingly objectionable, and that criticism of the course of military officials will not be allowed, and le warned not accept the offence.

COMMERCIAL.

DAILY REVIEW OF THE MARKET.

Orrios of the Louisville Jouanal, Monnay, July 1, 1862. There was but little demand for gold yesterday, the bankers selling at 9@9% pramium. There is still a good good inquiry for demand Treasury notes, the buying te being 3 per cent premium and the nominal selling 1 % cent premium selling, the buying rate remain ot so large yesterday as heretofore, but there was an dvance of futty \$1 per bundred in prices. Cotton is rm at higher figures. The general market is quiet and

FLORE AND GEATN-Blarket quiet. Sales and shipments of 300 bhis flour at \$4@4 75 for superfine and extra. Sales 400 bushels wheat at 75@80c for red and 85c for prime white. We quote cets in bulk at 33@34c, with sales of 500 bushets. Shoil corn without sacks 32@35c, with sales rom store of 800 bushels at 35c without tha aacks. Rye firm at 40@43c. Bartey 65@70c. CHEESE - Steady. Sales 45 boxes new Western Re-

HAY-Market dull. Sates 50 tons of loose-pressed at \$12@14 50 % ton.

Gaocerizs—Sales of a few bbds New Orleans sngar at

c, 20 hhls moiasses at 45c, and 55 sacks Rio coffee at 1½@22c. Rice firm at 7c. Whisky—Sales of raw at 25%c.
HEMP—The nominal rate & tou for Kentucky is \$60,

with no sales to report.

Daird Practics—Sales at \$1 90@3 10 % bushel.

Buttra—Market cull: sales at 8@10c % b. CANDLES-Sales 75 boxes star at 15c for full weight.

MANUFACTURED TOBACCO-Salea 134 boxos Kentucky

HATTINO-Firm at 16c, with sates 10 bates. Sagerinos-Steady, with sales 10 bales Great West ALCOACL-Advanced, with sales 15 hbls at 50e for 76 cent and 60 for 95 @ cent.

Itams-Sales 2,500 at 8c 79 1b ROSIN-Firm, with cales 30 bbla at #9. Tonacco-Sales 105 hhds-4 hhds at \$6 50@\$6 85, 8 at \$7@7 90, 16 at \$8@8 95, 11 at \$9@9 90, 7 at \$10@ 75, 7 at \$11@11 75, 6 at \$13@13 75, 18 at \$13@13 75 at \$14@14 53, 7 at \$t5@15 75, 3 at \$16, and I at \$17.

CINOINNATI, Juns 30, P. M. Flour in good demand at the close from the Govers ent bakers, and 1,200 bbis superfine sold at \$3 90@4 the higher grades are dull. Wheat quiet at 80@85c or red, and 91@95c for white. Corn in good demand at 4@35c and 45@50c. Whisky quiet but firm at 25c. ood demand for e mmon unoked hams to fit the cked. Nothing dore in any other article. Mese pork offered quite freety at \$10. The news of the great ttle at Richmond produced great commotion, and attention was pretty well withdrawn from business. The market for gold and other demand notes was firm at the ose, but rather unsettled -4 premium is paid for de-

and notes, and 8@9% for gold. NEW YORK June 30, P. M. Figure about 5c tower, with sates 16,400 bbis at \$4 25@ 40 for superfine Western, \$4 70@4 85 for common to nedium extra Western. Whicky—Sates 900 bbts at 27% @27%c for State and 28%c for Western, including small ercels at 29%c. Wheat Ic lower, with soica of 29,800 purbels Chicago spring at \$1@t 07, 59,00 bushels Milweukec club at \$1 05@1 10, 2,600 bushels amber lowa at \$1 10@1 I2, 19,800 bushels winter red Western at 1 17@1 19, 7,000 hushels amber Michigan at \$1 22, 6,000 ishels white Western at \$1 24, 7,000 white Michland private terms, and 500 bushets white Kentacky at

non to choice at 63c. Corn ic tower, with sates of 15,000 usheis at 53%@55c for old mixed Western, chiefly 47, 52, and 54 for new do do, 43@46 for nneonnd, and 56 for white Western. Oats a little firmer, with sales at 42@ Sc. Raw engar firm, with ea'cs of 600 bhds Cuha at 354 @9%c, 200 libds Porto Rico at 7%@9c, and 500 boxes at ic. Pork a shado lower, with sales of 197 bbls at \$11@ Il 25 for mess, \$8 02% @8 75 for prime, and \$10 75@1 @9 for prime, \$9@10 for mess, \$11@13 50 for repacked. with sales of 55 pkgs at 3 4@4c for shoulders 5%c for hams. Sates of 650 bbls lard at 7% 68%c.

Money rules firm at 5@5%. Sterling exchange excited and unsettled-bankers' bills quoted at 12 %@121. American gold firm at 10 @ cent preminm. of 1881 105%@105%, Treasury notes 104%@16.
The bank statement shows an tucrease of \$1,505,639. decrease în specie \$215,319, încreaso în circulatios Stocks tower and duli but close firmer--Chicago and Rock Island 67%, Illinols Central scrip 48, Reading 38%, Hadson 43, Pacific Mail 116%, Chicago and Northwest

GOLD, AND THE BEST SUBSTITUTE FOR GOLD.

tes Stocks, Bonds, Treasury Notes, and 12 in gold. are not aware that any of the bunking, railroad, anutacturing companies of the country have the tion to rise above paper money for interest or divi-

es sixty days ago we suggested the advantages of ago in to the old Demand Notes. Those who did so PROVISIONS IN CINCINNATI.

FATURDAY, Juna 28. In the provision market there is the same dull monotony. Lard has purchasers at 7%c, and sugar-cired langulains at 868%c. Mes pork of city cire was a goln and at \$10. Bacou and hulk meals are mersty nominal.

RIVER NEWS.

For Owensboro, Evansvillo, Henderson. or freight or passage apply on board or to MUURITEAD & CO., Agents.

For Wheeling and Pittsburg The light-draught passenger sterms:
KEN1ON, EBERT, master
will leave for above and all way ports or
is day, the 1st incl., at 4 o'clock P. M. For treight or passage apply on board or to For Pittsburg Landing and Eastport. The magnificent passenger steamer OLLIE SULUIVAN, KOMERTS master, will leave for above and all way ports on this day, the 1st inst., at 4 o'clock, P. M. For freight or passage opply on board or to ji MOORHEAD & CO., Agant.

For Parkersburg. The light-draught passenger steamer LIBERTY. — master, will leave for above and all way ports on siday, the let inst., at 3 o'clock, P. M. For freight or passage apply on board or to MOORHEAD & CO., Apents. For Evansville and Henderson.

The splendid passenger steamer J. T. McCoMBS, Ballarn master, will tenve for the above and all way or 1 on Wednesday, 2d just, at 5 o'clock, P. M. For freight or passage apply on board or to Ji T. M. EltWin, Agent. For Cairo, Bickman, and Memphis. For freight or passage appty on board or to 130 T. M. ERWIN. Acent.

The new side-wheel passencer steamer FOREST QUEEN, Conwar, master, will leave for above and all way ports on Tnesday, the lel instant, at 5 o'clock, P. M., positively, from the Portland wharf.

For freight or passace, having superior accommoda-

freight or passage, has apply on board or to MOORHOOD & CO., Agent. For Madison and Carrollton. The steamer TRIO, W. B. Russell master, TRIO, Thesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 13 M. for rrollton, and relurning, teavo Carrollton every Mouve, Wednesday, and Friday.

For freight or passage apply on board or to
CROPPER, PATTON, & CO., Agents,
120 dtf Wall street jeo dtf For Cairo, Hickman, Columbus, Padu-cah, Evansville, Memphis, and all way Landings.

jādrf REGULAR U. S. MAIL PACKETS

For Owensboro, Evansville, Eenderson, and all intermediate Landings.

BIG GREY EAGLE, A. DONALLY, master, leaves on Mondays and Fridays at 5 o'clock P. M. STAR GREY EAGLE, John Hostinyllers, master leaves Wednesdays and Saturdays at 5 o'clock P. M., connecting at Evansville with the Paducah and Cairo

packets.
For freight or passage apply on heard or to
T. M. ERWIN or
MOURHEAD & CO.,
122 dtf
Agents, Wall st.

From the Londou Times of June 14.

The task of intervening even in the most friendly way between the two hostile communities in America is one of so much delieacy that the conntry will gladly leave the metter in the hands of the government, to choose each an opportunity and made of ection as it may thick proper. The statements of Lord Palmeraton and Lord Russell lest night were to the offect that the British Government et leest has no intention of offering mediation at present, and that no proposils on the subject have been made by the Freech Emperor. Lord Russell, more ourspoken than bis colleegne, declared thet, in his opinion, the moment was inopportune for mediation. "In the present state of feeling on both cides, such an offer would rather tend to prevent any good resulthing attained, if a cimilar step should be hereafter teken. Certainly there is no intention on the part of her Majesty's government to mediate at the present moment." With this decision of the Cabinet there will be no disposition to quarrel.

An offer of mediation at the present time can amount only to an expression of opinion on the probable issue of the wer. As we have before said, there is not the smallest chance that it would he accepted by the Federals, who, flushed with their successes in Tennessee and Louisiena, and prond of their vast levies and hnoyant cur-

An offer of mediation at the present time can amount only to an expression of opinion on the probable issue of the wer. As we have before said, there is not the smallest chance that it would be accepted by the Federals, who, flushed with their successes in Tennessee and Louisiena, and prond of their vast levies and hnoyant currency, etill look upon the corquest of the South as merely the work of a month or two. The endorrance, the courage, end the bitter animosity of their enemy are fects which only a few among them ere beginning to appreciate. We may, then, look on an angry refusal from the Washlington government and an ontburst of denunciation of om the Northern public generally, as certain to follow any edvice of ours. The readiness of Englend to take advantage of their troubles, and ber baseness la drewing Franco with her into an interference with American affairs, would be the theme of every torgue and pen in the United an Interference with American affairs, would be the theme of every torgue and peu in the United States. Somethlog would, indeed, be gained by each a conrse, inesmuch as we should place on record our willingness to join in preventing the further shedding of blood. But, considering the jealonsy of our every action which prevails through the States, it is, perhaps, better that England should not take the initiative even in tendering good offices. If the Emperor of which prevails throng the Sizes, it is, perhaps, better that Earlend should not take the luitistive even in tendering good offices. If the Emperor of the French thirks the moment opportune for telling the Northern people that in his opinion the ani jugation of several millions of their own race is an enterprise beyond their strength, and that the attempt is causing intolerable suffering to Enrope, he is at perfect liberty to do so, and Englishmen will be glad to see good edvice offered by a porsonage who is far more likely to he listened to than any of our etateamen. We should desire nothing better than that Napoleon or the Czar, who are the two most populer sovereigns ecross the Atlantic, should either esparately or corjeintly press on the Americans the counsels which would be indignantly rejected if offered by us. Enropeen mediation hed hetter begin on the contieent. All that we can say now has already been said by our politiclars and the preso.

The specebes of two or thren Cabinet Miulsters and the well knewn opinions of almost every transfered.

and the well knewn opinions of almost every men of note in either house ere equivelent to anything that the French Emperor can disclose to the Americans by a formal offer of mediation The North knowe well the opinions of this conn-try, and, without further efficial communication, try, and, without further efficial communication, will feel assured that we give etacit assent to any recommendations which other Powers may make in the interests of peace. Without, therefore, pretending to divine the secrets of the French Emperor, or to say in what form or when his opinions will be expressed, we may admit that this couetry muet allow bim to take the lead. There exists so general a desire in Europe to bring this war to an end, and it is now so clear that the Union can only be restored in name, and by co-Union can only be restored in name, and by co-ercing a determined end nuanimous people by millitary force, that every day will iccrease the number of continental politicians who think as [From the London Ster of June 13.]

A proposal for mediation between the Northern and Southern States of America may be thought by some persons, on first consideration, a very rational and humane suggestion. Those who are not prepared to go quite so far as this may, at least, deem it a very harmless piece of advice.

No doubt every Christian—nay, every intional, and even every cellish, man—must, were it but for his own personal interests, long for a conciution of the were bottween North and South. On that point we are situalled, and benevolent pleti. that point we are all unlied, and benevulent plet! tndes may be set aside by common egreement.
The question is, whether Englend and France can
devise eny just proposal which there is the slightest probehairy that either North or South would dear to the Americans of the North, that a bitter feeling hes unquestionably sprung up among the less thoughtful of the Northerners, and they regard England as a spit-ful rival who has exuited over their difficulties, jeered at their triumphs, and systematically alandered their most precious institutions. Would public feeling in the North welcome the intrusion of efficient service on the

part of England-service which would seem as if success, and deliberately to abandon the only of

lowing:
"Every day proves more and more the wisdom
"Every day proves more and more the wisdom

THE FUTURE OF AMERICA.

[From the London Morning Post.] Two questions will continually recur to every

One great difficulty in forecasting any probable termination of the struggle is contained in the question, What would constitute a subjugation of the South? Granting the Confederate army to be uttelly wested, would that be subjugation? We think not. As long as the will, the indomitable will, of the exasperated Southerners is naconstructed the victories of the troops will age! It has been subjugated to the control of the exasperated Southerners. will, of the exasperated Somherners is nncon-quered, the victories of the treops will avail lit-tle. Unless the conquered States be garrisoned by the whole Federal ermy, a second revolution would be a matter of certainty. What a specta-cle would that be? Mr. Bright's model Republic, which vaunted itself the foremost nation in the world, the very palledium and citadel of liberty, he ping one half of its States in order by a mili-tary econpation!

Unless, therefore, the American Coustitution he violated in some of its fundamental provisions, the North can never, with any above of instice or cousisiency, override the S uih by a military occupation when the war is ended; and without a military occupation it can never retain those States within the Union. Quite distinct, then, from even the success of the Federal arms, is the question of the fuure independence of the Scuth. A complete defeat of the Confederates might ealisfy the wounded honor of the Northern States, who, in the joy of success, might be willing to give up to other nucesalties what they would not allow to be gained by the Confederate troops. But, however gained by the Confederate troops. But, however this may be, no one who patiently welghs all the probabilities of the situation, can believe in the restoration of the occeded States to the Un in even in the event of the yet doubtful triumph of the Federal arms. And then, granting the war ended, and two republics instead of one, how dark a prospect lies before each! Ru ued in commerce, credit, agriculture, and mutual confidence, they must begin life again like people who have wronged each other, and have impoverished the nalves in gettlog a divorce. No eventual prosperly can wipe out the stain, the scars, the passions of the pass while for the feture all is reions of the past; whils for the future all is vex-

ima ratio of extreme liberalism, the product of exaggeration, the consequence of the abuse of liberty, and the fruit of a eystem of government

which divides its responsibility among those who are by the very conditions of their political posi-

The American report of a check austained by the French ermy, in its advance to Moxico, has not been continued, and it is certainly difficult to believe that any advantage of numbers or position could counterbalance the anormous superiority of Enropean disoplina and courage, if the Maxicane have really gained and courage, if the superiority of Enropean disoplina and courage, if the Maxicane have really gained and courage. ty of Enrepean disciplina and courage. If the Mexicane have really gained the advantage in a combat, their exceptional success will exercise little influence on the result of the war. France, little influence on the result of the war. Mexicane have really gained the advantage in a combat, their exceptional success will exercise little influence on the result of the war. France, with practically inexhanstible resources, will exercise for a milet on the sist of May, 1862; and whereache was a will associate a defeat. If a reinforcement of 20,000 men is wanted, it can easily be spared; and the expense will not be gridged in the hope that it may ultimately be recovered from the conquered country. The difficulties which face the luvader are those of climate, of distance, and of general policy. French armises will undenstedly beat Mexicans in the field; but it will be costly and troublesome

provinces may still maintein their customary independence or disorganization; nor will it be easy to persuade the chiefs of factione to accept the government of a French viceroy, or of an Antrian king. Few Englishmen will feel eny sympathy with the invaders after the contemblious ruplure by the French of the convention with Englend and Spain. On the other hacd there is perheps no sufficient reeson for depreciating an undertaking which is rather unwise than dengerons to the rest of the world. The suppression of a barberons enerchy is not the worst possible excess for an otherwise unnecessary war. The French army is often told by its flatterers that it hes a mission to diffuse civilization among Enropean natione, which ere not conscious either of ite refining aptitudes or of their own wants; but in

they can scarcely inrnish mason for eeizing the capital. SUPPLIES EGR THE CONFEDERATES. Queenslown, Thursday — It would seem as though the progress of the civil war in America was an increasing elimnius in the trede of werlike manitions with the Confederetes, as already, like minitions with the Confederetes, as already, within these two months, no fewer than eight vessels, laden to their fullest especity with military stores, have left, or are about to leave this harbor to run the blockede, if they can. At present there are three steamers in port cbock full of whet their manifests term "a general cargo," but what is very well known to mean storns etuff. The vessels already gone from Queenelown are the Hero, ecrew steamer; the Southerner, ship; the Leopard, screw steamer; the Adela, paddle steamer; and now about to leave are the screw steamers Julia Usher and Despatch, and the paddle ateamer Scotia, which arrived and the paddle ateamer Scotia, which arrived yesterday from Liver, ool, and in a fow days more the paddle steamer Anglia will leave here for the same dee ination .- Freeman's Journal.

If Gen. Bu'ler wishes to oblige the South he will commit hari Rarrl.

LIBELS ON OL. HAGGARD'S FIFTH KENTUCKY CAVAL Y REPFELLED BY A PENNSYLVANIA OFFICER.

CAMP CGOPER,
SHELHYVILLE, TENN, June 25, 1862 A correspondent of the Lancaster (Pa.) Express, who signe himself "J. R S," thus writes of Colonel Haggard, of Kentneky:

The Kentucky Cavalry (Colonel Haggard'a 5th) is especially notorious and obnoxious as alavn catchere. It is quite certain, bowever, that the Colonel is much more ective as a slave-hunter than a rebel fighter. Coming from Florence, this chivalrous Kentuckian arrested and placed a roard of six of his brave cavalrymen over a nenard of six of his brave cavalrymen over a ne gnard of six of his frave cavalighest over a the growho escepted from his rebel master at Corinth. That Col. H. is commonising the dignity of en army (fficer end insulting the common soldiery of the Union, is beyond the sbadow of a doubt. This attack, viewed from the most charitable stand-point, is unwarranted, unmaely, and false. Unwarranted because the trivial circumstance referred to are insufficient to demand so grave an assault upon the character of a patriotic officer unmanly because published in a local journal of another State, and circulated through the camplong after its author had left for a distant column of the ermy; false because it perverted trnth. An analysis of these startling essertions may unfold

Theirs was a very different struggle to part with kindred and home from troops raised in a free State. Importaned by a semi-loyal Govarnor, bound by the restraints which the ueudet probebuity that either North or South would accept; and whether en uninvited interference is not much more likely to produce en increase of anilmesity than to mitigete presions of war. Is Frence in exactly the position which would make her an acceptable meadiatrix in an Amelican queetion—France, with her troops on Mexicen soil, marching to the Mexican capital, and about to form either a new kingdom or a French colony? It even Frenchend herself tikely to be welcomed as an arbiter? Unfortunally a certain clare of English newspapere, and a certain kind of English peekers in end out of Parliament, have made it so much their habit to vilify, dencurce, and ebuse everything most dear to the Americans of the North, that a bitter feeling hes unquestionally sprang up among the try by joining its army. That men who have eams result. No officer, In the brigade to which Colonel II belongs, to my knowledge, ever intimated that such was his conduct. Thny navar knew the

Kentuckans otherwise than gallant officers and perfect gentlemen.

To become either "notorious or obnoxious" and hospital, about half a mile from the river, Thomas Frencis Meagher's Irishmen came would at least require familiarity with the conrse ber and hor altimate triumph?

But suppose England and France accepted—
nay, invited—to mediate. What proposals con'd
we make? Shall we propose to the Sonth to return to their silegiance and disband their armies?
We wish we could think there was the slightest
chance of such a proposal meeting with anything
but a forious rejection. What other advices is
there from which the North would not turn with
contempt? The path of the North has so far been,
ou the whole, one of splondid victory. Is it in
human reason to suppose that they who have at
heavy secrifice accomplished on mach are likely
now to pause in their course on the verge of full
success, and deliberately to abazdon the only obinsidious wiles of an abolition reporter. Equally untrue is the accusation that he is more engaged

The London News of the same date has the fol- in slave-seeking than in service for the Govorn-"Every day proves more and more the wisdom of the course which the Government, in harmony with the whese of the nation, has adopted in this American war, a course happily in harmony with the general foreign policy which is identified with the present Adminis ration, and which was proclaimed long before the wer began.

"As long as English p licy remains truthful and conclutent we shall not be discomposed. Of course, it is not suggested that we should lord our active aid to an expedition against the United States. It would sufficiently and, perhapa, better answer the purpose of the French Emperor to entangle us in a merely moral complicity with his designs. But it is impossible that our Government can be so numindful of its recent experience as to enter into an association so full of peril. Earl Russell cannot but remember Orizaba."

ment.

The labor performed hy the troops in the 7th brigade is wondrous. Their duty has not been to find the time, but Colonel C. has always been on hend for a share of the toil. He must comprehend, as well as objects, the ovasive policy of the Cabinet at Washington. That any two mon could agree exactly upon the kind of protection it does not mean to give to traitors, I doubt. Hence au officer might err as to the instances in which was protend, as well as objects, the ovasive policy of the Cabinet at Washington. That any two mon could agree exactly upon the kind of protection it does not mean to give to traitors, I doubt. Hence au officer might err as to the instances in which protection would be juelifiable. Error is a very natural result from a policy whose indecision is without a parallel.

The future of America. brigade is woudrous. Their duty has not been to came here yesterday with part of Jackson's army

The instance named was the case of a widow residing near Florence, Ala. Her husband was one who thoughtfully contemplates the slow and dhbicus progress of the American atruggle: Will the Federel Government ever sul jugate the revolutionery S. ates? And, if it does, what then? On these two questions what vest issues depend!

The lady asked that he be retained. She was well known and her request was granted. Be it right or wrong, these are the facts. When the great Roman conspirator entered the Senate, he always a good Uulon man. The negro had left. was met by the thrilling question, "How long, O Catiline, wilt thon abuse our patience?" And, iuetead of the common soldiery taking offence at the refusal of efficers to be made subservient to abo litionists, or declining to corve them rather than the country, they are ready to exclaim, "How long, O fanatic, wilt thou harass us and insult our manhood!" When will men who are not in the army cease to abuse us? Do not justice, courtesy, and honor alike require that the char acters of atsrling patriots be preserved from nn

warranted assault? Will the anthorities that rule outation? Weave not into this contest feelings which must plant prejudice and produce discord. Let citlzen, statesman, and warrior atter in har mony, "E Pluribus Unum" Let Kentucky receive her full meed of praise for the patriotic manner in which she obeyed the demand of an Luperilled country. Let the cirenmetances under which her youth have gone

forth to battle he everywhere known and appreclated. Let the great public heart boat with joy at the thought that Kentncky is redeemed. and her soil forever saved to the Union. Thanks to God, the delucion which has rent so many homes did not lead all her people astray. Let that arm be perelyzed that would rch her noble sons of the lanrels so justly due them. Go on comrades in arms from a sister State, and with all the love Pennsylvanians have cherished for your departed Clay, will they cling around you and defend your efforts.

A PENNSYLVANIAN.

To the Edwars of the Louisville Journal : HENDERSON COUNTY, KY., ?

I admire the bold and fearless stand you have taken in behalf of our distracted and bleeding country, especially for this noble old Common

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Evening Dispatches.

Latest from Richmond.

Two Days' Desperate Fighting!

Over 125,000 Men Engaged!

The Enemy Repulsed.

All Clvilians Ordered Away.

[Special to N. Y. Tribune.] (Special to N. Y. Tribune.)

New York, Jnne 29.

A severe and most determined battle was fought on the right wing hefore Richmond ou Thureday and Friday, which is claimed by some of our officers as a successful etrategic movement into which the enemy had nawlitingly been drawn, and which will soon result in the capture. of Richmond and the entire rebel army. The attack was mede by the enemy in immense force, who crossed the Chickah miny near the reilroad, who crossed the Chrokant miny near the remova, showe Mechanicaville, on Thuisday afternoon. They fought desperately, but were nuable to drive cur men a single red, though the enemy were tent to one. This only forces engaged that day was McCall'e division. The hattie lasted from 2 till 9 P. M., when the division was ordered back.

Gen. McClellen was on the field, expressing himself estimated with the result.

himself satisfied with the result.

LATER.—On Thursday, about noon, the onemy mede an atteck upon General Stoneman's forces in the vicinity of Hanover Court House, probably for the purpose of accomplishing nn outst ankin movement on the right, and to engage our atter movement on the right, and to engage on atten-tion in that direction. Shortly afterwards they commenced a vigorous cannonading from their works on an eminence opposite Mechanicsville, about one and a balf miles distant, also from two

batteries, one above and the other below.

They were replied to by Campbell's Prinns; levania batteries on picket duty, one on the Mochenicsville roed and another from behind earthworks at the right of a grove. About two o'cleck in the afternoon the enemy's infantry and equadr as of cavalry crossed in immense force a snort distance above the Central Virginia Rail-road, meking a rapid advance towards Usueral McCell's division, who were entrenched on a billy woodland across a swampy ravine about a mile in he rear of Mechanicsville. The First Pennsylvania Rifles (Bucktails) and

The First Pennsylvania Rifles (Bncktails) and Campbell's Pennsylvania battery were on picket duty, ell of whom, except one company, fell back behind the breastworks and rifle plts, where e line of hettle was drawn np. Company K, of the Bucktails, who were on picket beyond the railroad, were surrounded by the enemy, and the last that was known of them they were trying to out their way through. It is presumed the greater portion were taken prisoners.

The enemy advanced down at the rear of Mcchanicsville on a low, marshy ground, where our forces were drawn up behind rifle plts and earthworks on an eminence on the north side of the ravine, wh rathe conflict became most terrible. The rebels, with the most determined conrage,

The rebels, with the most determined conrage, attempted to press forward over the miry ground, but the bullets and grape shot fell among them take hail, mowing them down. This centinued till dark, when they withdrew.

The causeeading was kept up on both sides until ahout 9 P. M., when the battle ceased. Our

til ahont 9 P. M., when the battle ceased. Our forces were covered by earthworks and saffered but slightly. Lete in the afternoon the enemy made e charge with cavalry. About one hundred of them came rushing down and attempted to cross the ravine, when the borses became mired. A ignadron of cur cavelry seeing their position, made a charge down the hill, when the cavalrymen abandoned their horses and fied.

The iefantry fight was then runewed, and, according to the statement of my informant, Surgeon Humphrey, of the Pannsyevan'a Bucklaii regiment, continued until 7 A. M., when a retreit was ordered, very much ageinst the will of the Pennsylvania boys, who begged to be allowed to Pennsylvania boys, who begged to be allowed to

The outer f rees then began to fall back.
Porter's corps were some distance below Dr.
saines's residence. Gaines's residence.
O' the next dev's fight the correspondent saye
the eannonading and musketry was terrific.
Daryea's geliaut Zoueves were lying upon thu Duryea's geliaut Zoueves were lying upon the ground for two hours while our batteries were shelling the woods over them.

Finally, towards night the enemy attempted to breek the centre line in front of Duryea's Zonaves. The musketry firing became terrific, lasting twenty or thirty minutes. Shortly afterwards en attempt was made to break through the right, which was repulsed, and half an hour later another attempt was made on the left with the eams result.

make their last despurate and determined offort make their last despirate and determined effort, and came on forcing our men back into the low ground between the hill and the bridge where they could have leen singhtered by tens of thousands before they could heve crossed that long, narrow bridge. Wagons, urtillery, embulances, and men were harrying toward the bridge and a panic was almost inevitable, when a strong quand was placed access the bridge.

over the hill, stripped to the bare arms, end were ordered to "go in." They gave a yell and went to work, and the result was the enemy fell back to the woods, and thus matters stood up to eleven o'clock yesterday (Sunday) morning.

At dark an atteck was made along the front of the entire line, and was renewed at 2 A. M., in front of Ganerals Hooker, Kearney, and Sumner, without mnterial result.

Another correspondent says of Friday's battle: Twice all along the front did the rebels attack our lines, our rifts pite, and redenbts. Porter, with fifty cauron, and Sumner's, Hockar'a, end Ayre's guns mowed them down with a death hervest. Their loss in killed and wonnded was horrible.

Under date of Friday, midnight, the same correspondent sever the graps were the respondent sever the graps.

which hung around.

Count De Paris captured a rebel Mejor who belonged to Jackson's army. He said he had been in the valley of the Shenandon all winter, and The rest of it arrived this morning and the whole if it was here. He said that in the ettack on our ight the rebals had from 60 000 to 80,000 troeps. This will explain the enormous fire under which our men were borne down and swept away, pre-cisely as some of the regiments were swept nway

at the Seven Pines.
Yestorday the Pennsylvania reservo drove back the attacking regiments of Jackson's command. To-day they were overpowered by the same troops reinforced. Sykes's regalars were called up and proved unequal to the task of stop-

ping them, and Slocum's command was added t The Count De Paris testifies to the remarkably good conduct of all the regiments that austained this unequal attack on Porter. They gave way indeed, but not one of them ran. Their losses are enormons. The reguler lith Infantry is about annihilated. Nearly every officer in it is killed or wounded. The 14th auffered also severely. Major Gasselle, of the Ragulars, a kinsman of Gen. McCiclian, is killed. Col. Pratt, of a New York restriction is billed.

York regiment, is also killed, and Lisut. Colooe's Black and Sweetzer. Our loss in officera is very marked indoed. The disproportion in numbers was so extreordinary end the obstinacy of our troops so unvielding, that our lesses were enermons. The artillery in both Perter's end Smith's divisions piled the rebels in heaps. The fire was torribly effective.

MARTINSDURG, June 28, via Bultimore, June 29. \\
I loarn from officers just arrived that all is quiet at Middletown and along our lines in the New York, June 30.

Gov. Morgan, and Gon. Buckingham arrived here yesterday. Secretary Seward, Gens. Shields and Fremont

PHILADELPHIA, June 28. The following are among the sick and wounded brought here to day: R. A. Fish, 5th Wisconsir; N. Morris, H. Carpenter, and T. Bancher, 6 h Michigan; O. W. Newcomb, 5th Michigan; L. B. Fulliveil, G Dawson, F. Boshnell, and T. John-

New York, June 30. The following explaine itself: The following exclains itself:

Newbern, June 21—To the Editor of the New York Tribune, Sir: In accordance with the request of his Excellency, Gov. Stanley, I wish it published that I misunderstood his Excellency; that he had no intention of closing my schools for colored people at Newbern, N. C; and that until he gets explicit instructions from the Government at Washington, D. C., he will neither interfere with my echools nor return fugitive slaves to their masters; ell of which I do with the most sincere and heartfelt pleasore.

[Tribune's Despatch]

[Trlhuoe's Despatch.] WASHINGTON, June 29.

WASHINGTON, Jnno 29.

The question of validity of the acceptances by Floyd of the drafts of Russell, Majors, and Waddell having been referred to by the Secretary of War to the Attorney General, that officer has dnlivered an elaborate opinion against their validity, bolding, nmong other things, that the acceptance of drafts of a contract by the Secretary of War in advance of the earning of the money against which the drafts are drawn is unanthorized by the law. the law.

Washington, June 28: General King and staff arrived in this city on Saturday evening about 9 o'clock and proceeded at once to report himself to the Secretary of War.

the House of Commons, which cams by last teamer, are cohelitive.

The city is full of exciting rumors of severe ching near Richmond and believed, but no reliable intelligence has yet transpired.

WASHINGTON, Jnne 29.
The following sick and wounded soldiere arrived here this forenoon from White Honse, and have been transferred to hospitals: of the state of th rimin, fever, T. Sweet, etc., f. Bower, faver, S. Illina rhenmatism; M. Livinzeton, fever, J. Joquiza, err, R. McKee, nephritis; John Liveroeck, right nd; W. Warren, hend; Michael Italey, shoulder; W. Il. Ruder, right hip; Morris Shurn, hand; S. M. Ilmen, right foot; John Smith, right aim; John with tide; W. J. Adams, left knee; B. Crawford, right tide; W. J. Adams, left knee; B. Crawford, right m; C. C. Patton, left loot; Lieut, Col. Van Valkeorg, left leg. 4th Michigan—A. J. Dispe, Irecture of m; Francis Skinner, right henv; Joseph D. Clark, ht side. 5th Michigan—R. Sheagh, left hip. 7th Chigan—W. E. Palme, shoulder. 15th Michigan—Il. Neton, faver. 16th Michigan—A. Breithand, Francis Skinner, Right hours, left hip. 7th Chigan—A. B. Richmond, rheumatism; A. S. ckard, lever.

The above named sick and wounded were accompanied by Brigede Surgeon Ruer, and Acting Assistant Surgeons J. H. Case, of N. Y., J. M. Mattock, of Penn., F. Rherfer, of Philadelphia, Acting Medical Cadet, C. H. Stubbs, of Penn. and 22 Sisters of Charity.

WASHINGTON, June 29. Washington streets have swarmed with rumors all day long. Bloody work at Richmond is generally helieved to have occurred. At a conservative caucus of Congressmen ynsterday, attended by thirty-five Democrals and Border State men, epocches were made significant of the foundation of a new party, opposing the very on the other.
Liolman, of Indiana, took part. He said the
time for a general amnesty had not yet come, but
all confiscation and emancipation schemes must

be reduced.

Hierzies, of Kenlucky, eaid if such laws are
passed, an appeal must be taken to the people,
who would not let them remain on the statute Resolutions, asserting that the Union must be preserved and rebillion put down, denouncing onfiseation, and declaring the elave States not vosteu of any rights, were passed.

Indianapolis, June 29. Cov. Morton will organize, in a day or two, a ew department, with Commissary General Stone chief, to supervise all the regimental agents, successful to supervise an this regimental agents, soldiers' bomes, transportation of sick and wounded, and attend to all correspondence relating thersto, &c. The business has grown too extensive to be despatched with the requisite rapidity directly by the Executive Department.

The anti-way butternut Democracy have called a green in Consention to meet here on Legis 20. The anti-war outterful Democracy have called a second convention, to meet here on July 30. The leaders, since the Union convention was held here, have suddenly "diskivered" an admirably large rat in the political meal tub. They invite all parties to 'jine la," without reference to predilections. The accessity of white-weshing and sugar-coating the miserable 8.h of January platform, could not be disregarded, and it is chrewdly appreciated that the concern may yet seemed. inspected that the concern may yet assume a calatable shape, by the introduction of new plank and additional guarantees of loyalty.

PITTSBURG, June 30, M. RIVER G feet by the pier mark and falling. The reather is clear and pleasant.

TERRIULE ENGINE OF WAR -The progress of he art of killing seems to know no limit. By the following extract from the recent epeech of the Honorable J. M. Ashley, in the Honse, on the satject of lake defences and the claims of Toledo for the site of a national armory and naval depot, t appears that the Maumee is the honored locality of an invention which throws all big Union guns and iron Monitors completely in the shade.

Witbin the past wock, onn of my constituents.

Addison Smith, Eq, of Perrysburg, Obio, who is now in this city, exhibited to me the model of the mot formidable engine of war lake ever seen. It will, he assures me, discharge an iron mass of two thousend pounds, with incredible rapidity, ndistance of ten miles. Before this wonderful engine of war no iron-clad vessel culd live en hour if it can accompliah what its inventor cleims. A few blows from its massive missiles would anon batter any vessel to pieces, and Quebic and Gintrultar woull be mere playthings in its range. The ingenuity and practicability of the machinery for the rapid evolutions of the vessel in the water is not the least noticeable invention. For harbor defences, if it proves half what it inventor claims, it has no parallel in any of the discoveries I have yet examined.

THE B'ST AND in gold, silver, and steel frames, at the OPTICAL STAND in

L. A. CIVILL'S Store,

431 South Main street,
6 doors chove Fifth st.

TW Constantly on hand superior Field Glesses end a fall line of Optical Mathemetical, and Surveying latenance.

The Constantly on hand superior Field Glesses end a fall line of Optical Mathemetical, and Surveying latenance of war no iron-clad vessel culd live en hour of the machinery for the rapid evolutions of the vessel in the water is not the least noticeable invention. For harbor defences, if it proves half what it inventor claims, it has no parallel in any of the discoveries I have yet examined.

UNION MEKELING IN CRAYER COUNTY.

UNION MEETING IN GRAVES COUNTY. MAYFIELD, KY, June 16th, 1862. This being county court and a large number of people in town, Col. Lucien Anderson was called ou to meke a speech. In the afternoon Mr. A. complied, and spoke for noar two hours in his usual happy and impassioned style, and to an at ams result.

The battle had then been raging for some hours without any apparent change of indvantage of a trillery and interesting the standily along own the bridge to the field of battle. The enemy then seemed to and his centact with the people ankindles the fices cluded his speech, Mr. Thos. H. Mayes was called AA

tere have been deluced in the turnoll of internal re ition, one of the results of which has been to destroid old political pertee end efficience, and now that dues are passing away and four over us it left a coming that we make this proclamation of our princes therefore.

shindes are passing away and I om ever us It is fit an becoming that we make this proclamation of our principles; therefore,
Resolved, That we recognize no political division am us the people of K-ntucky, all questions of policy laving be-u buried in the foul p of of revolution, and the only line of demarcation now is that the weer layalty cold discould be the continuous and the constitution and the Governme thank the constitution of the Governme thank those against it, between those who are for the "Union, the Constitution, and the enforcement of the "Union, the Constitution, and have of the Union States are the supreme laws of the land, any state Constitution or lews to the convery, and every litzen owes paramount allegiance thereto and subordinate to the State in which he lives.
Resolved, that we are for the Constitution as it is not the Union as it was, and that ell who have given it and the Union as it was, and that ell who have given it and confirst to hoe in rebellion against the Government ere guilty of trea on and should be dealt with coordingly, but for the masses we esmeetly ask for an amnesty and pardon.
Resolved, That we will hall with pleasure all who will dopt the as their platform of principles and act with a, no matter what may have been their former symathies or expressions of opinions—even those young hen who have been deluded and seduced by the appeals and aituring promises of willy demazogues or the threats of menaces of architactors take up arms against his the best of human governments are invited back to heir allegiance and affiliation with the 1 yal party, and that we receive their expressions to this end with rout anti-faction.
Resolved, That the present crisis demends that every we patriot should stand by the Government in the use all constitutions invivaled the Constitution of the vied States.
Resolved, That the present crisis demends that every we patriot should stand by the Government in the use all constitutions and means in patting down this misoly bellion and thereby restore pos

lion and thereby restore pueces and transquility to unitry.

20.204. That the doctrine of accession as contende y some of the States of this Union is a politically, without constitutional warrant, and destructive peace and stability of this Government. Solved that the system of guerilla warfare whice in partially, and is likely to be generally, inauch by those in rehellion, is in violat on of civifize use, and those engaged in it or aid and abet it is way are outlaws, and should be treated as bandit is Government.

20.1024. That abolitionism, like secessionism, is not read by the Constitution, and we regard the as immeal to the free institutions of our countrelectructive to the interests of the American people to both that should be eradicated from America co.

ities. Resolved, That we endorse Charles Marshali, of Burd county as a candidate for Circuit Judge of the trict, and Major P. D. Yelser, of Paducah, as a cardate for Compion wealth's Attorney of this district, and gentlements of the support of all loys on the composition of the support of all loys on the composition of the support of all loys on the composition of the support of all loys on the s

Resolved That the proceedings of this meeting he sen to the Louisvilla Journal and Democratior publication THOS. It. MAYES, Chelrman. R. Nuel, Secrotery.

[Correspondence of the Louisville Journal.] LETTER FROM CLARKSVILLE, TENNESSEE.

CLARKSVILLE, TENN., June 25, 1862.

Ynsterday the Star-Spangled Banner flaster aloft from a besutiful pole erected by the 71s Obio regiment. An old citizen of this place (Mr Obio regiment. Au old citizen of this place (Mr. Peart) hoisted it up to the top of the pole—a proud moment for the old man—he who bared his breast to the atorm of secession—he, the only one, who dared to cast his vote against escession. The pole was erected in the College grounds, where the regiment is encamped, and then the Colonel (Mason) made a few patriotic remerks, and nine hearty cheers were given for the old flig.

Union sentiment is gradually coming ont—slow but sure. But there are fome villains who stalk but sure. But there are some villains who stall the streets as bold as if treason were not visible npon their faces. Among them are some of the self constituted committee who pledged themself constituted committee who pledged themself constituted committee who pledged themself complete support volunteers' wives, but did not do it; also some of the committee (committees were nnmerous) who robbed passengers last summer when ou their way North of all their gold and silver. A tall, goed-looking man, with the most dignified manners and carly locks (Bryce S.ewarl), was the self constituted treasurer to take care of Lincoln's specie which belonged to private individuals.

Yet these copper-headed snakes walk the Yet these copper-headed snakes walk the streets large as life, "like the rattle sneke—been sworn and let loose." But we now hit them on a tender spot. This regiment (71st Obio) I suppose will leave soon, and we expect to have an East Tennessee regiment. Just say that to old sceesh here if you want to ece him turn pale end shake ea if he had an egue fit on him. They dread E ist Tennessee troops worse than hell and the devil. They know full well what will come if East Tennessee troops are quartered here. I hope the day will soon come, for their appearance will have a decided effect on the mass of the people. If any banging is necessary they of the people. If any hanging is uecessary they will do it, and it would be better for the commnnity at large; the atmosphere would be purer nd more wholosome. •

We had a delightful rain this morning. P.

THE WAY TO MAKE AN AMERICAN FLAG. The following rule is obtained from an officer of the Navy, and at this time, when many persons are desirone to construct Union flags, and inquiry is frequently made, in consequence, of the proper proportions of such flag, may be useful. The at once to report himself to the Secretary of War.

The report that General Banks is dissatisfied with the order placing General Pope in command of the army of Virginia is not true. General Banks is a soldier and obeys orders. Long ago he expressed his willingness to form a junction with either Fremont or McDowell and act in the field cubordinate to them if by so doing it would contribute in the lesst to crush the rebollion. The appointment of General Pope was no surprise to General Banks.

Senator Wilson is still confined to his room.

Proclamation. All persons owning or having dogs are hereby notified to confine them within their premises for the spece of eixty days from this dete. Any persons refusing or failing to comply with this requisition subject themselves to a fine of twenty dollers and costs.

J. M. DELPH, Mayor.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, May 3d, 1862. m5 d2m

S150 Roward.

MY son ISAIAIT TATE was taken from the neight borhood of Bowling Green, Ky., by the Texas Rangers on the 12th day of February, 18ch, and carried South, the la shout 18 years old, 5 feet 8 inches high, night mulatto color, face freckled, rather spare huilt, has a scar on bis side from a scald and also a car on one of his lega from a dog hie. I will give the above reward for his lineration, or it returned to bis home, and pay all expense attending the same.

[16 dlm ELIZA TATP.

LIQUID RENNET. DELICIOUS DESSERTS, COLD CUSTARDS,
JUNKET, &c., may be made in a few minutes with
our LiQUID RENNET. With sweet milk livelds the
most inricious of all desserts for the table: the lighteet,
healthie t, most greteful diet for children and invalida,
heades being always light and easy of digestion, supporting the system with the lesst possible excitement.
It is particularly adopted for the warm weather of summer. Price 35 centes bottle. For rale hy
WILLIAM SHAFER. Dringelst
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EATING HOUSE Corner Jefferson and Fifth ets, opposite Court-House, B. R. WARNER, Having just opened his House for the eccommetion of the public, is now prepared to nurnish eil who may favor

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HOMEOPATHIC and VANILLA CITOCOLATES,
warrauted equal in quality and flevor to the Paris Chocoleter, have snoot the test of over three-quarters it a
sentury, and are pronounced by ell who have once used
them on the superior to any others.

27 Mounfactured by W. Baker & Co., et their milis
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June 16 d3m

ARTIFICIAL

Selpho's eulchrated Patont Anglesea Leg end Artificial

Bib BRDADWAY,

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ilis d1m

HOG CHOLERA The Great Remedy of the Age The Great Remiedy of the Age

HAS never been known to fail in the cure of Cholera
I have opened en Office, 308 Green street, nearly opposito the Poetoffice, for the sale of this valuable medicine. It has been tested in fluudreds of instences and
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PASSENGER TRAIN will leave Louisville daily at 7:45 A.M., and errive at Edgefield at 5:30 P. M.: returning, leaves Edgefield et 7 A. M., arriving at Louisvillat 5:30 P. M. MEMPHIS BRANCH TRAIN will leave Bowling Green daily (Sundays excepted) at 2:15 P. M., on erriva of Train from Louisville; feturning will arrive at Bowling Green at 11:10 A. M., end connect with Trein from Nashville for Louisville. FREIGHT TRAINS will leave dally (Sundays ex-epted) for Nethville end Memphis Branch et 6 A. M. TRAINS FOR LIBANON will leave delly (Sundays xcepted) at 6:45 A. M. All Freights for mein road end Lehanon and Memphia renches must be in Depot by 5 P. M. BARDSTOWN TRAIN will leave daily (except onu-days) at 4 P. M. All Freights for Barlstown road and me'in road north of Berdstown Junction unet be in Depot by 1 P. M. a7 B. MARSHALL, Superintendent.

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ton & Frankfort Rallroads. THE REPORT OF THE PERSON NAMED IN O's and after Monday, February 10, 1862, Trains will run deily (Sundays excepted) as follows:

rnn deily (Sundays excepted) as follows:

EXPRESS TRAIN will leeve Loui-ville at 5:50 A.M., stopping at all stations when flazged except FairGrounds Race Course, Brownsboro, end Belleview, connecting at Eminence with steps for Newcastle, at Frankfort for Lawrenceburg, llarrodeburg, and Denville, at Midwey for Versailles, et Payne's for Georgetowu, and at Lexington via rall and stage for Nicholasville, Denville, Crah Orcherd, Somersot, Richmond, Mt. Storling, and all luterior towns.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN will leave Louisville at 4 P. M., stopping at all stetlons when flazged as far as Frankfort, end, roturning, will leave Frankfort at 5:10 A.M., arriving et Louisville et 9 A.M.

EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Louisville on Mondays Wednesdeys, and Frideys.

FREIGHT TRAINS leave Louisville on Mondays, FREIGHT TRAINS leave Lexington on Tuesdays, FREIGUT TRAINS leave Lexington on Tuesdays, hursdays, and Saturdays. Freight is received and discharged from 7:30 A. M. to P. M.

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14 dtf SAMUEL GILL, Superintendent,
[Democrat copy.]

JEFFRESONVILLE RAILROAD. ON and efter to-day, Mey 5, 1983, Trains on this Road will leave and arrive as follows:

LEAVE JEFFERSONVILLE Of P. M. Fast Express for Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Chicago, and the East. 200 P. M. Night Express for St. Lonis, Cincinnati Chicago, and the East. Both Trains making connections for the East. ARRIVE AT JEFFERSONVILLE

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ON and after Sunday, May 4, Passenger Trains will leave Now Atheny (opposite Louisville) as follows:

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5:00 P. M. ST. LOUIS NIGHT EXPRMSS (Dally), reaching Rt. Louis at 8:00 A. M. end Cincinnati at 8 A. M. His Train runs to Mitchell only.

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